THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,645—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 5-30 p.m.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
14th May.	ARABIA	8000		
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
1st June.	PERSIA	8000		
8th "	SALSETTE	6.00	CHINA	8600
14th "	MOOLTAN	11000		
22nd "	CALEDONIA	8000	MACEDONIA	10912
29th "	INDIA	8000		
6th July.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10990
13th "	CALEDONIA	8000		
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
27th "	ARABIA	8000		
3rd Aug.	SALSETTE	600 0	MOLDAVIA	11000
10th "	PERSIA	8000		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12431
24th "	HIMALAYA	7000		
31st "	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10000

All the above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.
PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
*Elysia	6389	J. Coverley	17th May 1912
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	2nd June "
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	19th June "
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R.	6th July "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	20th July "
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	4th Aug. "
*Elysia	6388	J. Coverley	18th Aug. "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	22nd Sept. "
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R	11th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd Oct. "
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	8th Nov. "
*Elysia	6388	J. Coverley	21st Nov. "

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES,

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH)
VIA SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

FOR LONDON.

Steamers	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umona ...	5500 ...	25th June 1912.

Fitted with Electric Fans and Lights.

Fares from Rs. 350 to Rs. 400, according to the position of berths.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Gratian Geary. Rs 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
* Kola	1205	Thurs.	16th May	9 a.m.	C. M.
† Lhasa	2184	Friday	17th May	6 a. m.	direct.
‡ Lioga	2185	Mon.	20th May	11 a.m.	via P. D. & G. M.

* Cutch Mandvie.
† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡ Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. Kola, 1205 tons, on Thursday, 16th May. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Putiala," 2988 tons, on Wednesday, 15th May, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on Thursday 16th May, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Orissa," 5436 tons, on or about 16th instant.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
15th May, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Caledonien	4130	...Melber	6th June 1912.
Sydney	4119	...X	4th July 1912.
Dumbea	5685	...Sellier	1st Aug. 1912.
Australien	6365	...X	29th Aug. 1912.
Sydney	4118	...Gary	26th Sept. 1912.

PASSAGE FARES "B" RATE.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single)	...Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return)	...Rs. 891	743	405
To London (single)	...Rs. 630	528	270
Do. (return)	...Rs. 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia	6,000	D. Maganzini	15th May 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 740. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE, KOBE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Ischia ...	6,000	Balsito	16th May 1912.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75 ; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations.

G. TIMOSCI,
Ag. Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted
Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
88 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS
ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE :—16 Charing Cross, London.
BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE :
4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.
CALCUTTA OFFICE :
103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
BOMBAY OFFICE :
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
CALLED UP £400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....$ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 335,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA BAHRU (Kelantan) PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

A. SCOTT SMITH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."
BRANCHES :
Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Rajkot Sukkur and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 2 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.
Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shortest periods to be ascertained on application.
LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.
This Bank accepts Bills for collection on every part of India as well as Foreign Bills too.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

IN BLUTHNER PIANOS

The special requirements of residents in India have been carefully studied and the experience accumulated during the long series of years of their use in India has rendered possible the production of instruments which may be depended upon to withstand with perfect success the injurious effects of the extremes of tropical centres. The attainment of this result has not involved in the smallest degree the loss of any of the beauty and purity of tone and delicacy of touch which have made the Bluthner Pianofortes famous throughout the civilized world. The extraordinary capacity of these instruments for standing in tune under the most unfavourable conditions is a feature of very great importance and should strongly recommend Bluthner Pianos to residents in the Mofussil when the services of competent tuners are often difficult and sometimes impossible to obtain.

SOLE AGENTS :

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL. 150°

150° "SHELL"

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED 150° TEST in AMERICA.

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150° "SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,
GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS :

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
GENERAL MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS.
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF GRUYERE PARMESAU AND GORGONZOLA CHEESE.

Pure ITALIAN OLIVE OIL (genuine) guaranteed, ITALIAN MACARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES in large stock and fresh, arriving monthly. ITALIAN WALNUTS, and ALMONDS, in soft shell, and also Hozelnuts ; the nuts suitable for table use.

HORS DE OVRE (First course luxury) in various brands from The High Class Houses.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SOFAS and EASY CHAIRS visit at the Stores will convince of its well shaped, designed and comfortableness.

GRIGNOLINO WINE (CLARET) a genuine product of Grape Wine in great demand. Rs. 12 per dozen bottles.

LIQUEURS, and WINES from High Class Houses of Italy and France.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit : Pratt's and Pegasus Brand;
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS :—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

WEDDING	CAKES.
WEDDING	CAKE ORNAMENTS.
WEDDING	CAKE STANDS.
WEDDING	CAKE BOUQUETS.
WEDDING	CAKE WREATHS.
WEDDING	CAKE BOXES.
WEDDING	FLAGS.
WEDDING	FAVORS.
WEDDING	CRACKERS.
WEDDING	RECEPTIONS.
WEDDING	CONFETTI, Etc., Etc., Etc.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
Telegrams :—"MONGIBROS," Telephone No. 325.

THE VALUE OF A MAN'S LIFE.

cannot be expressed in money. Yet a trifling neglect of health may mean death. At the first sign of Fever, Ague, or Influenza, take

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE & PILLS,
Price Re. 1 each,

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS
for pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc, etc. Re. 1-8 ans.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER
is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT,
cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch in a day.
Ans. 4, each.

Of all the dealers or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE

whether he is satisfied with his

VULCAN MOTOR CAR

and he will answer : Yes. It is the sweetest running car I have ever had the pleasure of driving and costs so little to maintain.

TRIAL RUNS ON LATEST MODELS.

By arrangements with the
SOLE AGENTS.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.,
11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888,
As amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the Undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held in the month of July, 1912, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the public street known as 1st Marine Street between Queen's Road and Esplanade Road.

A plan of this Street showing the existing regular line of the Street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1912.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888,
As amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the Undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held in the month of July, 1912, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the Street, in respect of each of the following Streets namely the public Street known as Sewree Cross Road between Sewree Road and Matunga Road.

A plan of this Street showing the existing regular line of the Street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1912.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the DIVIDENDS on certain shares in the Company declared between the 1st June, 1892 and the 31st May, 1908 remain unclaimed and that claims (if any) in respect of any such dividends should be submitted to the undersigned within six months from this date, accompanied by such evidence (if any) as may be available in support thereof. No claim received after the expiration of the said period will be entertained and any such dividends not so claimed as aforesaid will be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company under Article 105 of the Articles of Association of the Company.

A list of the shares with the amounts of the dividends and the names of the parties to whom the dividends are payable may be seen at the Office of the Company, No. 3 Wallace Street, Bombay, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily.

For The Bombay Burmah Trading Corp., Ltd.,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.
Bombay, 28th February 1912.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 25.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CEMENT
PHAETON BRAND.
GUARANTEED BEST
English quality.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.
BOMBAY.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.
A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.
PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE 1 ANNA.
To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH.
THREE SHOWS NIGHTLY
7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 P.M.
TO-NIGHT'S BIG ATTRACTION.
"IT WAS WRITTEN."

"MAIDANIA."

LAST NIGHTS, LAST NIGHTS,
SATURDAY, 18TH MAY,
BAL MASQUE
Tickets Rupee 1
SPECIAL BANDS.
Prizes of Rs. 25 each for the best Lady's
AND
GENTLEMAN'S COSTUME
Masques on sale at
Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.
AND
"MAIDANIA."

BRASSO
Liquid Metal Polish.
The Best Polish in the Market
for brass work and all kinds
of Metals.
Obtainable from
all shops.
If you have a
MOTOR CAR
keep it bright with
BRASSO
Manufactured only by
RECKITT & SONS,
Hull, England.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, References kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 25, Marine Lines Bombay.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c., when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 2/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try The Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY BYCULLA AND POONA

VIYELLA FLANNEL
THE BEST WEAR
for India.

JJ&S
PURE POT STILL WHISKEY
The fine flavour and exceptionally high quality of John Jameson's Whiskey have made it
Famous for over 100 years.
JOHN JAMESON & SON, LIMITED,
DUBLIN.
Distillers to H.M. The King.

WE SEND YOU FREE
A SAMPLE COPY OF
INDUSTRY.
A monthly Journal Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical industries etc. etc.
New features, including illustrations, are added in the second year.
Royal Ed. Rs. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-8.
For Readers—
Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—
Absolutely sure medium.
For Free sample copy and revised Adv. rates.
Please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY," Shambazar, Calcutta.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Half-Owner and Manager : Maurice E. Bandmann.
MAURICE E. BANDMANN ANNOUNCES
THAT TO-NIGHT
THE FAMOUS LONDON ACTOR-MANAGER
MATHESON LANG
AND
Miss HUTIN BRITTON
will appear
IN SHAKESPEARES' MERRIEST COMEDY,
THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.
TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, MAY 16TH
HAMLET.
FRIDAY, MAY 17th
GRAND FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
OTHELLO
will be played in response to universal request.
BOOKING AT S. ROSE & CO.

RISING GENERATION MAY!
TAKE AN EXAMPLE
AND WHAT IS THAT?
BRUTUS! BRUTUS!!
AT AMERICA-INDIA
EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESS
HAS ATTENDED THIS FILM
HIGHLY BRILLIANT!
SUPREMELY MAGNIFICENT!
STEADY AND CLEAR!
APPROVED WITH ONE VOICE!
MIND THERE ARE FILMS AND FILMS!
THIS GRAND ONE HAS ENCHANTED ALL!
HOW AMERICAN BEAUTY IS DISAPPOINTED
AND "BOLD HARRY PREFERS LOVE TO WEALTH"
FOOLSHEAD AND PRECAUTION!
HYSTERIC LAUGHTER!
FILMS FOR SALE: Telephone
Apply to MANAGER. No. 1271.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs.1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,650,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hollo
Madras	Malacca	Hongkong
Rangoon	Kwala Lumpor F. M. S.	Canton
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.)	Foochow
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Amritsar	Bangkok	Tientsin
Delhi	Batavia	Hankow
Penang	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Fukei	Saigon	Kobe
Taiping (Perak F. M. S.		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays 10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34.
JOHN GREIG,
Agent.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.
NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... ,, 17,500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Byojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tieling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager
Post Box No. 307,
Horsby Road, Fort, Bombay

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 900,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombassa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGES, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes ;—
½ inch by 4½ inch...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch...Annas 4 per ,,*
If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 2 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3⅜ inch, Rs. 3½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES. (Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, Annas 8, Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE.—LARGE VARIETY OF HORSE-DRAWN CARRIAGES, all Suitable for Indian climate, extraordinary bargains. Apply J. BUCHANAN and Co., North Street, Glasgow.

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS.—That is our speciality. No work too small, none too large. Honest and intelligent workmanship. No broken promises. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO. 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, G. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes —9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3⅜ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 ¾d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Value—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Re. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, 2, Green Street, Fort.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The Bombay Gazette Electric Press.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding, Stationery, etc

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Law Leading Cases. By W. H. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 8 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

CANVAS
DAVID CORSAR & SONS
BEST FLAX CANVAS
For full particulars apply :—
SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,
BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

COMMERCE
The leading Financial Paper in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Insurance medium in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Banking organ in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Commercial Paper in the East.
COMMERCE
The leading Advertising medium in the East.
A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm.
LARGE CIRCULATION throughout
INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.
COMMERCE
HEAD OFFICE :—
25-26, Waterloo Street,
CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.
The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

The property of a deceased Parsee gentleman consisting of glass and crockeryware, sofas and chairs, carved furniture reclining easychairs, almyrahs, brass and iron bedsteads, ice box, etc, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S.T.)

1 handsome strong rubber tyred landau by Press, in good order.
1 second hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 second hand English-built victoria with brake with a country-bred bay gelding and a set of harness.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Government Telegraph Stores, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY the 28th May at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction, at Government Telegraph Stores, Wadi Bunder.

A large lot of cast iron scraps, C. I. tubes, C. I. blocks, copper wire glass crap, electric bulbs, wooden pieces, rubbish iron, etc. etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 15th May, 1912.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort,

SALE TO-MORROW, THURSDAY THE 16TH MAY at 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE of VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 16th May at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction in Meadows Street, Fort, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co., and next to Messrs. King and Co., (where the entire furniture has been removed for sale) very valuable and new designed drawing, dining and bed room furniture by Roberts, Dewji Canji and others, rich glassware and crockeryware, platedware, complete set of Encyclopædia Britannica in 25 Volumes, silk tapestry lined drawing-room, suites of sofas and chairs, Chippendale and Louis pattern cabinets, corner cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, new design chival glass, mirror chest-of-drawers, revolving and glass door book cases, office chairs, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, large mirror sideboard and dumbwaiter, single and double bedsteads, Persian carpet, table, hanging and hall lamps, etc., etc., the property of H. Smith Esqr. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 15th May, 1912.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS
EMPRESS PALE
and
HOUSEWIFE'S FRIEND
Fine Household Soaps.
Can be obtained everywhere
GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

CRICKET
FOR THE
MILLION.
SIX ATTRACTIVE ARTICLES
BY
WILFRED RHODES
(of Yorkshire and England; a prolific scorer off Australian bowling.)
J. T. TYLDESLEY
(of Lancashire; England's greatest professional bat).
G. L. JESSOP
(whose hard hitting has revolutionised cricket methods).
P. R. LeCOUTEUR
(of Oxford University, Surrey and Gentlemen XI.'s; an Australian Rhodes' scholar).
M. C. BIRD
(Captain of Surrey; he may yet captain, England).
E. H. D. SEWELL
(Coach at Oval; a keen student of modern cricket).
WILL APPEAR IN THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
IN MAY.
These articles are brightly written and full of the vigour of the game. They cover points that thousands of readers like to see discussed by practical cricketers with experience of first-class Cricket.
(3).—MAY 17th.
Great Games I have seen
by J. T. TYLDESLEY.
(4).—MAY 24th.
How to Win Matches
by M. C. BIRD.
(5).—MAY 31st.
The Psychology of Cricket
by P. R. LeCOUTEUR.
(6).—JUNE 7th.
"Googlie" Bowling
by E. H. D. SEWELL.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.
Capital Paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund..... ,, ,, 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits..... ,, ,, 423,677,78

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES :

Bombay.	Cebu,	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow,	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama,	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe,	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.
H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	RANGOON
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	SAIGON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	LONDON	Do HONGKEW
CANTON	LYONS	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MALACCA,	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	MANILA	TAIPEI
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	TSINGTAU
HARBIN	PEKING	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PENANG	YOKOSUKA
		YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that such agreed amount is Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent
Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 20,00,000.

THE HON'BLE SIR PHIROZSHA M. MEHTA, K.C.I.E., CHAIRMAN.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—3 per cent. per annum allowed from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSIT :—12 months deposits are received at 4½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods on application.

Loans granted on approved Securities.

Purchase and Sale of Securities effected at ⅛ per cent. commission.

AUDITORS :—Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants.

HEAD OFFICE :
Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
S. N. POCHKHANAWALLA, C.A.I.B. (London), Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.
HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.
CAPITAL Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)
CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to
L. CAMBE,
Manager.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription, Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	,, 11 0
Quarterly	,, 6 0
Monthly	,, 2 0
SINGLE COPY...	... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	,, 13 0
Quarterly	,, 6 8
Monthly	,, 2 8
SINGLE COPY...	... TWO ANNAS.

N.B.—Payment must always be made in ADVANCE.
For rates of old issues of the "Bombay Gazette".
See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.
For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards Situations Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	,, 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0 Per Inch.
Second Insertion ...	,, 3-3 do.
Third Insertion... ...	,, 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ...	,, 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ...	,, 2-0 do.
Minimum charge ...	,, 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages double the above rate.
For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.
For insertions in the amusement Column ... ... Rs. 1½ Per Inch.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS. Fuel & Cylinder Oils. **WAX.** CANDLES.

B. O. C.

PETROL. **MOTOR OILS** A & B. **Motor Grease.**

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.

Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,

CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, MAY 13.] [BOMBAY, MAY 14.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pins.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	78 3-8		unchgd
do. Rentes	93 3-4		1-4
3½ do. sterling Loan	92 3-4		unchgd
3½ do. Gov. Securities	84 3-8		unchgd
Bar Silver in London Spot	28 1-16	3-16	
do. 2 months' assce.	28 1-4	1-4	
Bar Silver in New York	60 7-8	3-8	
Exchange on London at Paris	25·23	4·2	
do. do. at Berlin	20·47 1-2		unchgd
do. do. New York	4·86 7-8	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3		since
do. Short London Bills	9th May		
3 months' sight	2 7-8		unchgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight	3		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	3 1-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	3 3-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	1 7-8		1-8
do. 7 day Market Loans	2 1-8		unchgd

dar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Indian buying.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL— Spot Easier. Fair demand. Futures ... Steady. Manchester Quiet with a limited enquiry. Total Sales ... 5,000 bales. Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 500 „ Imports ... 1,000 „ Mid-Americans ... 6·48—24 Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 9 9-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

May-June	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·27 —04	6·27 —05	6·28 —05	6·27 —05	6·23 —03
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	
6·21 —06	6·19 —06	6·19 —06	6·19 —06	

New York official noon call July 11·32; Oct. 11·46, New Orleans 10 a.m. July 11·30; Oct. 11·59.

NEW YORK— Bales.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 14,000
„ Receipts at „ last year ... 12,800
„ Exports to Great Britain ... 9,000
„ Exports to Continent ... 35,000
„ spot Cotton ... 11·65—05

Futures—Month of July 11·33—05 } Declined owing to reported slack spot demand and to commission house liquidation.

Futures—Month of Oct 11·44—35

NEW ORLEANS— spot Cotton ... 11 7-8—11-16
Futures—Month of July ... 11·85—03
Do. do. Oct ... 11·54—0·5
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Quiet.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— —
Do. Name of Ports— —
Wheat White Karachi ... 38 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months— ... May-June
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done.
Wheat Red Karachi ... ... 38 1-8+1-8
Do Months—May-June—London—Sellers
Tone—Firmer.
Wheat afloat for U. K. ... 3,950,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe 61lbs. ... ... 33 1-2+1-4
Do. Month—May—Sellers—Quiet
Barletta Russo 61lbs ... ... No Sellers

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...40 nett unchgd—April—Sellers

SEEDS.

LINSEED— Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 69 1-4—1-2
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Done.
Tone—Quiet.
Linseed Calcutta... ... 66-3
Do. Months—May-June
Do Name of Port—London—Done—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 61—1-2
Do. Months—May-June
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

BOMBAY COTTONSEED,—
67-5-6 unchgd—June-July—Hull—Sellers—Firm

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE— In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). ... ... 14 3-8 unchgd

RUBBER— Para Rubber ... ... 4 7 1-2 unchgd
May-June—Value—Dull.

METALS— Copper Brasiers ... £ 81 3-4
Yellow Metal ... d 7
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 71 1-2

FREIGHT— Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canals... 9-3

SUGAR— German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 16 9—3 3-4d Value
Do. Months of Shipment...July-Aug.
Tone—Dull—Very little business
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ...
Do Months of Shipments ... Quiet neglected
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ... 12 7 1-4—1 3-4d.
—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ... August
Tone—In sympathy with Hamburg closed steadier
E A B & Similar Crystal C & F India ... ... 17 9 3-4—4 3-4d
Months of Shipments ...May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Easier.—Very slow demand.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...15 9 unchgd—Sellers.
Month of Shipments ... May.—Quiet
Java Sugar,—Dull and nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [14TH MAY, 1912.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
20 Boxes Sovs...	Rs. 15,00,000	Freemantle	National Bank
2 Boxes Bulns..	1,51,680	do	do
10 Boxes Sovs.	7,50,000	do	Chartered Bank
1 Box Sovns...	52,500	do	Mercantile Bank
2 Parcels Silver	40	London	Yokohama Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 11th & 12th May, 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G I P Railway ...	68	79,148
B B and C I Railway ...	56	65,448

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened quiet at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T. and Demand and 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. The enquiry for Bank remittance has been small. Business was done at 1s. 4 1-32d. T.T. but the rate has since gone off. Private Bills continue scarce. Far Eastern rates are rather steadier.

We quote :—

T.T. on London	1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft	1s. 4 1-32d to 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do forward	1s. 4 3-16d. July
Do. do Francs	170 3-4
Do. do Marks	138 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	147 1-2
Shanghai „	202 3-4
Japan „	150

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened unchanged at 97 for Cash and 96 15-16 for the Settlement, and continued quiet but steady during the day with only a small business passing. Closing prices are a shade easier.

We quote :—

Cash ...	...	Rs. 96 15 0 to 97 0 0
Settlement	...	„ 96 14 0 to 96 15 0

BULLION :—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed 3-16 higher for ready at 28 1-16 and 1-4 higher for delivery in two months at 28 1-4. New York was 3-8 up at 60 7-8. The market opened firm, but has declined 3-16 to 1-4 from the opening rate for ready bars, closing as under for ready and forward. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs. 23 15 6
Australian „ ...	...	„ 23 15 6
Sovereigns „ ...	...	„ 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty	...	„ 71 3 0
„ 1st Settlement	...	„ 71 1 0
„ 2nd Settlement	...	„ 71 11 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

A further small decline was advised in the American markets on closing yesterday. Although private telegrams report unsettled and showery weather in some sections, there is an improvement in the weather generally. The local market again showed little change on opening. New Crop was quoted Re. 1 lower, but there is little business doing to test the market. Export houses are still offering fine Khamgaon-Akola January delivery, but buyers are scarce. Closing rates are as under.

The demand for ready cotton continues very moderate.

QUOTATIONS :—

Fine M. G. Broach ...	... Rs.	279	May.
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hinganghat	„	233	„
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	... „	231	„
Fine M. G. Dhamangaon ...	„	276	„
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	„	273	„
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	„	264	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	„	257	„
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	... „	262-3	„
Good H. G. Westerns	— „	266	„
Good M. G. Westerns	... „	275	„
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	„	239	„

NEW CROP.

Good M. G. Broach ...	... „	303	Mar. 1913
F. G. H. G. Bengals	... „	252	Jan. „
Fine M. G. Khamgaon-Akola	„	284	„ „

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	...	... Dull.
Estimated Sales	...	... 8,000
Total Imports	...	... 12,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

May-June.	June-July.	July-Aug.
6·26 —01	6·26 —01	6·27 —01
Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·26 —01	6·22 —01	6·20 —01
Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6·17 —02	6·17 —02	6·17 —02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is irregular. Prices close as under.

We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	11 9 6 B.T.
May	... „	12 2 6 B.T.
September	... „	12 9 0 B.T.

RAPESEED :—

The market is steady.

We Quote :—

Brown Delhi May	... Rs.	8 11 3 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore May	... „	9 8 0 „

JINGELLYSEED :—

Tone—Steady.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c.	... Rs.	59 0 0
Mughi	... „	57 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat	... „	61 0 0

POPPYSEED :—

Tone—Firmer. We quote :—

Ready ...	... Rs	12 4 0 B. T.
May ...	... „	12 13 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	36 8 0

COTTONSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready.	... Rs.	28 0 0

GROUNDNUTS :—

Tone—Steady. We quote—

Bold... ...	... Rs.	49 0 0
Small ...	... „	47 0 0

WHEAT :—

The market is quiet but steady.

We quote :—

White Pissi ready 85 p.o.	Rs.	5 7 0 R. T.
„ Delhi A.-M. ...	„	5 6 6 „

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,800
Bank of India	64 1-2
Eastern Bank	80 1-2
Indian Specie	58

MILLS.

David	438 3-4
Fazulbhai Mills	435
Finlay Mills	325
Kohinoor	780
Mancokji Petit	2,597 1-2
New Great Eastern	230
Standard	1,332 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	155
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference	180
Bombay S. N. Co. Ordy	230
Colaba Land and Mill	1,435
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	16
Treacher & Co	470
Tata Iron and Steel Co Ordy. ...	79
Tata Hydro E P S Co., Ordy. ...	605

RAILWAYS.

Central Provinces Ry	65 1-2
Tapti Valley	525

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	9,498	bales.
Wheat	71,459	cwts.
Linseed	45,303	„
Rapeseed	11,555	„
Gingellyseed	2,483	„
Poppyseed	4,050	„
Groundnuts,.	3,042	„
Castorseed	11,245	„
Rice	6,670	„
Myrabollams, ...	2,463	„
Cottonseed	15,939	„
Mowrasseed	215	„
Gram	10,826	„
Joowar	12,016	„
Maize	303	„

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

The following is the statement of the Bank's assets on 14th May 1912 as compared with the figures of 14th April 1912 :—

	14th April. Rs.	14th May. Rs.
Local Bills Discounted	3,68,000	5,59,000
Cash Credits	7,10,000	6,54,000
Loans and Demand Advances	8,45,000	10,22,000
Office Furniture and Fittings	13,000	14,000
Sundries	22,000	22,000
Cash and Investments	2,22,000	4,67,000
Total	20,80,000	27,38,000

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia s—151 bales wool, W. and A. Graham and Co; 110 bales cotton waste, K. Visram & Co; 111 bales wool, W. Kundanmal; 30 bales wool, J. Veerchand; 50 bales wool, M. Bafia; 50 bales wool, D. Sassoon and Co; 35 bales wool, K. Khairaz; 40 bales wool, E. Dossa and Co; 123 bales goatskin, M. J. Joomabhoy and Co; 135 bales wool, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 206 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 8 bales wool, B. Purshotumdas; 3 bales wool, H. K. M. Jaitha.

FOR LONDON.

bia s—2 bundles carpets, Cowasji Dinshaw Bros. 10 cwts turmeric R. Jeewandas and Co; 44 bales hides and skins R. M. Kooka; 61 cwts fishmaws, A. Hoosein and Co; 25 bales hides and skins V. Esmail and Co; 4 bales carpets, Thos. Cook and Sons; 91 bales hides and skins, A. E. H. Mahomed; 40 bales hides and skins, M. J. Joomabhoy and Co; 65 bales skins, W. and A. Graham and Co; 2 bales carpets, G. P. Stavrides and Co; 4 cases curtains, 1 case metal curious, B. G. Bhumgara.

FOR NEW YORK.

Queen Alexandra s—14,000 cwts castorseed, 6,000 cwts linseed, L. Dreyfus and Co. 500 cwts myrabollams, J. Nurbheram and Co; 297 cwts gum, S. Cooverji and Co; 4,000 cwts castorseed, 6,000 cwts flaxseed, Ralli Bros.

Arabia s—17 packages carpets, Thos. Cook and Son.

FOR HAMBURG.

Schanfels s—8,010 cwts grain, Volkart Bros; 4,000 cwts rapeseed, Sunday and Co; 110 bales cottou, Volkart Bros.

Manipur s—220 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 110 bales cotton, M Amersey and Co; 330 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 1,204 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 495 bales cotton, 2,002 cwts gram, Volkart Bros; 500 cwts weedseed, Baner and Krause; 201 cwts mustardseed, A Blascheck and Co; 4,000 cwts rapeseed, 3,420 cwts barley, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Fitzclarence s—1,100 bales cotton Prier de Saone and Co; 5,000 cwts rapeseed, K Devchand and Co; 330 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 21,000 cwts groundnuts, 2,000 cwts poppyseed, K Devchand and Co.

Ile-de-la-Reunion s—2,012 cwts maize, G Bhimjee; 5,000 cwts rapeseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Candidate s—220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 24,000 cwts barley, 20,240 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 744 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 81 bales hemp and 138 bales cottonfy and waste, K Visram and Co; 2,000 cwts barley, canday and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, K Devchand and Co.

Chupra s—8,000 cwts linseed, 4,129 cwts barley, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Queen Alexandra s—2,000 tons manganese ore, R A Willis; 4,000 cwts myrabollams, L Pragji and Co; 500 cwts myrabollams, J Nurbheram & Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Elysia s—1,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Bros; 6,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Ile-de-la Reunion s—2,000 cwts linseed, 200 cwts cashewnuts, Volkart Bros; 4,000 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR BREMEN.

Schonfels s—2,400 cwts barley, Ralli Brothers; 7,500 cwts barley, L Dreyfus and Co; 3,997 cwts barely, Volkart Bros.

FOR NAPLES.

Koweit s—12,000 cwts wheat, Volkart Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Wakasa Maru s—82 bales twist, The M. B. Kaisha.

Ischia s—37 cwts dry fruits, T. Canji and Co; 1,000 cwts onion, R. E. Dadachanji.

FOR KOBE.

Ischia s—3000 bales cotton, The M. B. Kaisha; 200 bales cotton, M. M. Essabhoy; 600 bales cotton H. Goculdas and Co; 500 bales cotton, C. Ebrahim and Co; 300 bales cotton, M. Amersey and Co; 300 bales cotton, M. Jehabhoy and Co; 50 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 300 bales cotton, M. H. Dadashti.

FOR OSAKA.

Ischia s—300 bales cotton, M. Jethabhai and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ischia s—300 bales cotton, Breul and Co.

We cull the following interesting para from our contemporary the "Builder" :—Professor Spinazzola is proceeding with his excavations in the thoroughfare known as the Street of Abundance, leading from the Forum to the Amphitheatre. He has uncovered the house near the Nola Gate, and seven houses with balconies, one of the balconies having a decoration of spiral columns. The house walls are plastered and stuccoed, and beautified with frescoes; on the street fronts are inscriptions with notices relating to municipal elections—Smyrina and Aselina advocate the election as duumvir of Poilius Fuscus. Close at hand have been found a wineshop in excellent preservation, with vessels, jars, bottles, etc., and cashbox, and its sign in fresco, of amphoras and wine-jars and a temple with a frieze of the Cerealia.

ONE of CUPID'S strongest allies is POPULAR BEAUTY—CHARM. Improves complexion and renders the skin soft and velvety. A boon to Lady Motorists. in two shades, Pink and white. MADON, SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

CRAWFORD MARKET.

Daily List of Current Prices.

MUTTON 1st SORT.

Saddle As. 4 per lb.
Leg As. 3½ per lb.
Shoulder As. 3½ per lb.
Liver As. 3 each.
Kidney As. 10 per doz.
Tongue (large) As. 12 per doz.

MUTTON 2nd SORT.

Saddle As. 3½ per lb.
Leg As. 3 per lb.
Shoulder As. 3 per lb.
Liver As. 2½ each.
Kidney As. 8 per doz.
Tongue (small) As. 9 per doz.

VEAL.

Hind Quarter As. 4 per lb.
Fore Quarter As. 3 per lb.

BEEF.

Beefsteak (underpart) from As. 3 to As. 4 per lb.
Soup Meat As. 1½ per lb.
Brisket from As. 2 to As. 2½ per lb.
Round As. 3 per lb.
Hump from As. 10 to Re. 1 each.
Sirloin from As. 3 to As. 4 per lb.
Tongue from As. 3 to As. 4 each.
Oxtail from As. 1½ to As. 3 each.
Liver As. 1½ per lb.
Kidney from As. 1 to As. 1½ each.

FISH.

Pomfret from As. 10 to Re. 1 per pair.
Pomfret (black) nil.
Gholl from Rs. 3 1-2 to Rs. 6 each.
Sarmaye (large) nil.
Surmaye (small) from Rs. 1½ to Rs. 2 each.
Salmon (large) nil.
Salmon (small) nil.
Prawns (small) from As. 1 to As. 6 per doz.
Oysters from As. 3 to As. 5 per doz.
Mullet (large) nil.
Mullet (small) from Rs. 1½ to Rs. 4 per doz.
Lobsters nil.
Crabs nil.

POULTRY AND GAME.

Fowls (large) from As. 12 to As. 14 each.
Chickens from As. 5 to As. 6 each.
Duck (large) Rs. 1½ each.
Duck (small) from As. 14 to Re. 1 each.
Turkey (Cock) from Rs. 6 to Rs. 7 each.
Turkey (Hen) from Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 each.
Pigeons from As. 8 to As. 10 per pair.
Rabbits from As. 12 to Re. 1 each.

FRUITS.

Oranges from As. 12 to Rs. 3 per doz.
Plantains (Red) from As. 6 to As. 8 per doz.
Plantains (Yellow) from As. 4 to As. 6 per doz.
Plantains (Table) from As. 2 to As. 3 per doz.
Plantains (Green) from As. 2 to As. 3 per doz.
Australian Apples from As. 12 to Rs. 4 per doz.
Australian Grapes nil.
Grapes of Nasik nil.
Grapes Malta nil.
Mangoes (Common) from As. 12 to Rs. 2 per doz.
do. (Salem) from Rs. 1½ to Rs. 3 per doz.
do. (Affose) from Rs. 3 to Rs. 6 per doz.
do. (Payree) from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per doz.

VEGETABLES.

Cauliflower from As. 6 to As. 8 each.
Green Peas As. 3 per seer.
Cabbages from As. 2 to As. 8 each.
Tomatoes from As. 1 to As. 1½ per seer.
Turnips (middle) from pies 6 to As. 1 each.
Bringal As. 1 per seer.
Cucumber As. 1 per seer.
Potatoes from pies 9 to As. 1 per seer.
Lettuces from pies 6 to As. 1 each.
French Beans from As. 1½ to As. 2 per seer.
Beetroot from As. 1 to As. 2 each.
Knolkhol from As. 1 to As. 1½ each.
Onions pies 4 per seer.
Carrots As. 1 per seer.
Sweet Potatoes pies 9 per seer.
Double Beans from As. 2 to As. 2 1-2 per seer.

Sugar from As. 1½ to As. 2 per seer.
Sago As. 2 per seer.
Ghee from As. 7 to As. 9 per seer.
Butter from As. 12 to Rs. 1½ per lb.
Eggs pies 6 each.
Coffee (French) from As. 12 to As. 14 per tin.
Dall (Toor) from As. 1½ to As. 2 per seer.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Gable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 14th May, 1912.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey	13	3	57 p.m.	11	29
Teheran	14	2	25 p.m.	0	32
Suez	14	1	45 „	1	9

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk (18-8-11).

Telegrams for all places in interior of China excepting stations on the coast booked by routes other than Bhamo can be accepted at sender's risk (27-10-11).

Telegrams may be accepted for all places in China via Bhamo, but only at sender's risk (29-2-12).

Italian Administration notify that Telegrams for Tripoli, are admitted only in plain language and at sender's risk. As an exceptional measure short telegrams in code or cipher language are also admitted if forwarded via Italy and those concerned deposit two copies of their code one at the Tripoli Office Telegraph and the other at the Telegraph Office at Rome (30-10-11).

In consequence of floods communication between Spain and Portugal is interrupted in Portuguese territory. Traffic for Lisbon and beyond to be sent by post from Badajoz at 18-30 hours daily (15-2-12).

Telegrams for Brazil via North Atlantic cables can only be accepted at sender's risk (10-2-12).

Line to Ahwaz Sheahter continues interrupted. Telegrams for Sheahter or Schoeahter should bear instructions "Post Ahwaz." Rates to be collected are those for Bushire (14-5-12.)

Telegrams in code for Hancow can only be accepted at Sender's risk. (27-2-12).

Cable Perim Djibouti communication restored (14-2-12).

The "Electrical World" gives an account of a new instrument which is a combination of a maximum demand indicator and an ordinary watt-hour meter. It has four meter dials, while in addition there is a large centrally-pivoted pointer which indicates the maximum demand during a half-hour interval on the circumference of the dial plate. This latter motion is worked from the gearing through a leaf spring, and is controlled by a solenoid which is energised from the line by a small contact-making motor. This solenoid sets the driving element to zero at the end of each 30 minute interval, and having done so its core descends, thus furnishing the power necessary to drive the entire register movement, the meter acting only as an escapement and regulating the speed of falling.

M. Deutsch de la Deurthe, one of the earliest patrons of airmanship, has ordered an aerial yacht, a large hydro-aeroplane (arising from and alighting on water), capable of accommodating several persons. In M. de la Meurthe's air garage, the Paris correspondent of the "Mail" says are already an airship and a luxuriously upholstered aircab.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

MARRIAGE.

HEWAT—BISHOP—April 10, at Letton, Herefordshire, by the Rev. Rhys Bishop (father of the bride), assisted by the Rev. L. C. Bishop (brother of the bride), Anthony Morries Coats Hewat, of the Royal Scots, son of Colonel and Mrs. Hewat, The Elms, Hereford, to Stella Eleanora, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Rhys Bishop, Letton Rectory, Herefordshire.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

High Court Special Vacation Sitting.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p. m.
Mr. Matheson Lang and Miss Hutin Britton at the Royal Opera House—"The Taming of the Shrew," 9-30 p. m.
Maidania, 6-30 p.m. to 12 midnight.
Karlekar's Circus, at "Maidania," 9-30 p. m.
America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. Three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "A weak man is like a turnstile, he is in everybody's way, but stops nobody."

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Persia," with the outward mail of the 3rd instant, left Aden at 2 p.m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a.m. on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Arabia" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. on Saturday next.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (Via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (Via Nagpur)	7-15	13-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-15	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter class)	6-45	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-15	14-30

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-55	21-30
Guzerat Mail	8-25	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	19-52

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE.—The Band of the 104th Rifles will play the following programme of music, by kind permission of Lieut.-Col. W. C. Walton and Officers, under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.), to-day :—

March	Through the Valley ... Walker
Overture	Military ... Embury
Selection	The Toreador ... Monckton
Valse	Les Amenids ... Gung'l
Fantasia	The March across the Desert ... Pridham
Prelude	Nadeshda ... Thomas
Selection	Rip Van Winkle ... Planquette's
Concert Valse	Silver Birds ... Thie e

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. H. C. Dane, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day :—

March	Lynwood ... Ord Hume
Overture	Hungarian ... Keler Bela
Selection	Peggy ... L. Stuart
Valse	The Dancing Girl ... Coote
Grand Fantasia	Songs and Dances of Northern Europe ... Kuhner
Serenata	Love in Idleness ... Macbeth
Gallop	Ir s ... Faust

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Seychelles, Mombassa, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, per s. s. "Kauzler" will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p. m. to-morrow.

OBITUARY.—Mr. Dharamsi Morarji Gocouldas died suddenly at Mahableshwar on Monday. He was a son of the late Mr. Morarji Gocouldas, C.I.E., and a brother of the present Sheriff of Bombay.

ACCIDENT TO A EUROPEAN.—A European, Mr. Baisso, was yesterday admitted into St. George's Hospital suffering from a wound in the head, sustained through falling from a gangway on the steamer "Saifi."

A FRIGHTENED HORSE.—On Monday evening, the horse attached to the carriage of Mr. C. R. Darlington took fright at a passing hand-cart at Cooperage Road. The carriage collided with a lamp-post and the horse bolted. The occupants of the carriage, Mr. and Mrs. Darlington, escaped unhurt. The coachman was thrown off, but received no injuries.

MATUNGA HEALTH CAMP.—The small colony of Pathare Prabhus, residing in the health camp at Matunga, was 'en fete' on Sunday last in connection with the prize distribution of the 'Ajinkya Night School.' The place was gaily decorated. Mr. Shamrao Dwarkanath Ajinkya briefly mentioned the object with which the school was started by stating that he wanted to keep the little children in the camp in touch with their studies, and not let them have an opportunity for roaming in the sun during the day. He added that a few days before a prize distribution was held at which prizes for proficiency in sports were given while the prizes to be given away on the present occasion were for proficiency in study.

A DISTINGUISHED MAHOMEDAN VISITOR.—On Sunday a meeting of the leaders of the six Memon Jamaats, Koknis and other Mohamedans, was held in the premises of Mia Mohamed Seth Chotani at the Halai Memon Mohalla to consider what steps should be taken by the Mohamedans of Bombay to celebrate the auspicious day of the arrival of Pir Sayed Ebrahim Saifuddin Alkaderi Affendi who has left Baghdad and is expected to arrive in Bombay shortly. The following resolutions were enthusiastically and unanimously passed at the meeting :—That the Mohamedans of Bombay should close their shops and stop all business on the day of arrival of Pir Sayed Ebrahim Alkaderi Affendi and celebrate it as a public holiday in honour of this honoured personage. That the Mohamedans of Bombay should make illuminations on the day fixed and notified later on. The following gentlemen were present at the meeting :—Messrs Mia Mohamed Seth Chotani, Mia Ahmed Seth Chotani, Abdullah Mia Khandwani, Alimohamed Abba Jums, Haji Habid Haji Karim, Mussa Mamad Kassum, Kassum Nur Mohamed, Tar Mohamed Ebrahim Patel, Haji Ahmad Hussein, Mohamed Dawood, Jums Ahmad Derwesh, Esmai Dada, Mohamed Siddiq Haji Moledina, Haji Ebrahim Vahedina, Jaokeria Hamed Patel, Haji Ahmad Haji Oosman Noorani, Dost Mahomed Peer Mahomed, Haji Mamadji Haji Adamji Maniar, Issa Abba and others.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 14.

The disturbance, which now lies in the north of the Bay, has given very heavy rain on the Arrakan Coast, and moderate rain in the interior. It is probably moving in a northerly or north-easterly direction. Rainfall has been local in Assam and Eastern Bengal, but elsewhere has consisted merely of a few falls in South Madras and Kashmir, where the local disturbance is now passing away.

The temperature in North-West India again has risen, and Jacobabad reports 124 degrees.

The principal amounts of rain are ;—Moulmein and Toungoo, an inch and a half; Mandalay and Bhamo, one; Maymyo and Diamond Island, two ; Kyaukpyu, six ; Akyab, seven ; Cox Bazar, four and Jalpaiguri, three inches of rain.

Forecast :—Heavy rainfall over the North-east angle of the Bay; moderate rain in Northern Burma; light rain in Assam.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 14th OF MAY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 14th May, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded in the north Punjab and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess over the whole division ; the minimum is also above normal at

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Baron, Fairlie, 2332 tons, Captain Foley sailed yesterday for Karachi with ballast.

The steamer Saraasa 3354 tons, Captain T. N. Gray, will sail to-day for Aroe Bay with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Putiala, 1929 tons, Captain T.B.H. Whytehead, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Malda, 1250 tons, H. W. Bamber, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bushire via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Wilson Line steamer Hidalgo, 2761 tons, Captain N. A. Harbold, arrived in harbour on Monday from Middlesbro with a general cargo.

The steamer Heim, 758 tons, Captain A. Erikson, arrived in harbour on Monday from Bangkok, with a cargo of timber and rice and passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP.

R I M S Lawrence.....Comdr La Touche.....Despatch Vessel
R I M S Dufferin...Comdr Vines.....R I M
R I M S Dalhousie.....Comdr Finnis.....R I M
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Hordern.....R I M
R I M S Palinurus.....Comdr Taylor.....Survey Boat

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—May 14.

Badrie.....1613 Fisher.....P Gulf...Arab S Co
Chiltonian.....2761 Jones...Hamburg.....T M & Co
Daylight ship.....3593 Anderson.....Standard Oil Co
Dwarka.....759 Moxon.....M M and Co
Fumi Maru.....1569 Nishikawa.....W & A G & Co
Heim.....758 Erikson.....F F Campbell & Co
Kuala.....360 McLaria.....11-3.....K N & Co
Madura.....1273 Logan.....M M & Co
Malda.....1256 Bamber.....M M & Co
Obra.....3520 Ferrick.....Rangoon...M M & Co
Patrick Stewart.....Townsend.....I G F Steamer
Putiala.....1929 Whytehead...P Gulf...M M & Co
Pultana.....1933 McDiarmed.....M M & Co
Palamcotta.....2209 Cuthbah.....M M & Co
Queen Alexandra...2788 Sadcliffe...W & A Graham & Co
Shah Jehan.....2635 McBean.....Shah S N Co
Saifi.....565 Morin.....Arab S N Co
Schonfels.....3543 Denker.....W & A G & Co
Shah Ameer.....2023 Wheeler.....Bo Hajaz S N Co
Upada.....3382 Hodgson.....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—May 14.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Scilla	3248	Manganzini	Genoa	15-5	R Line.
B Hidalgo	2761	Harhord	Karachi		J Finlay & Co
C&R Manipur	4923	Lyons	Dunkirk		K Nixon & Co
D&E Assaye	4359	Cockman	Shanghai	5-6	P & O Co
F Pentakota	2209	Hodgson	Durban	15-5	M M & Co
G Mohammadi	1251	Newby	Jeddah	15-5	Bo & P S N Co
H Kanzler	2975	Schapp	Durban		A Strandes & Co
K Wakasa Maru	3923	Nielson	15-5		N Y Kaisha
M Fitzclarence	2589	Nenton	Hamberg		J M & Co
N Wildenfels	3535	Weitmann	New York		W & A G & Co
Q Islami	2545	Goode	Aden	15-5	Bo & P S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Clan Lindsay	2499	Scotland	Dunkirk	17-5	W&A G & Co
2 Elysia	3998	Haig	L'pool		W & A G & Co
3 Wotan	2403	Lorenzen	Antwerp		W & A G & Co
4 Ile-de-la Reunion	3014	Moslo	Havre		J M & Co
5 Orissa	3525	McLean	Calcutta	20-5	M M & Co
7 Bregenz	2086	Petris	Trieste	16-5	A L S N Co
8 Kt of the Thistle	4286	Baker	A'werp	25-5	K N & Co
9 Argenfels	3537	Schmidt	Hamburg	24-5	Karachi W & A G & Co
10&11 Chupra	3954	Henderson	A'werp		M M & Co
14 Kola	510	Elton	Busreh	25-5	M M & Co
15 Candidate	2917	Rushforth	Antwerp		K N & Co

M W D D

Arabia	4093	Palmer	London	18-5	P & O Co

H W P D

Kaveri	553	Mahomed	Bhownagar	Bo S N Co
Netravati	699	Fakira	Offside N	Bo S N Co
Koweit	2336	Coates	Naples	W & A G & Co

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
13	Hidalgo	Harbold	M'bro, Mar 29
	Heim	Erikson	Bangkok, Apl 19
14	Malda	Bamber	Bushire, May 7

DEPARTURES.

May	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
14	Himalaya	Stuck	Antwerp
	Ulenfels	Erbo	Hamburg
	Beddington Court	Gleghorn	Genoa
	Bason Fairlie	Foley	Karachi

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Putiala, Whytehead, for Persian Gulf.
" Saraasa, Gray, for Aroe Bay.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Hidalgo, for Hull, &c.
" Heim, for Bangkok.
" Queen Alexandra, for New York, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line s s Circassia arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the morning of the 12th instant.

The Anchor Line s s Massilia outward bound passed Suez on the 10th and is due to arrive here on the morning of the 21st instant. The same Coy's s s Scindia homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the 13th instant.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

The following statement shows the total mortality and the incidence of plague in the City of Bombay, reported from 6 a.m. on the 13th May to 6 a. m., on the 14th May :—

	Plague attacks.	Plague deaths.
Total	12	12
Same date last year	34	24
Total mortality for to-day from all causes		134
Same date last year		111

A picture theatre where examiners will sit to approve cinematograph films before they are shown to the public is likely to be instituted in London shortly. A committee representing all sections of the cinematograph industry yesterday discussed plans for the founding of a British cinematograph censorship board, which would have the power to reject a film if it contained undesirable features or to recommend that certain portions of the film be cut out. A showman found exhibiting unapproved films would, it is proposed, have his supply stopped.

WAVERLEY PENS

"They come as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."

No writer tires using a Waverley. Its enticing action, smooth turned-up point and durability make it the best nib—the World's Favourite. Beware of imitations. :: ::

SIX ANNAS PER BOX.

Sold by Stationers and Dealers, and by WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & COMPANY, at all their Branches.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

HEAD OFFICES:—
67 and 69, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON
OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.

Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

BOMBAY OFFICE No. 44, HORNBY ROAD, (MACMILLAN BUILDINGS.)
Telephone No. 1827.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASES

INCLUDING
SMALL-POX, PLAGUE, ENTERIC FEVER
INSURED AGAINST BY
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY.
£6 Indian Agents £7
MESSRS. KING, KING & CO.,
BOMBAY
And the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.'s Offices, 4 and 5 Kalla Ghat Street and 100 Clive Street, Calcutta.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125°	4 5 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 15 0	per two tins.
Elephant brand 125° (in tins)	3 15 0	do.
do. brand 125° (in bulk)	3 5 0	per 8 gallons.
Camel brand 125° (in tins)	3 15 0	per two tins.

The Company's Local Agents sell oil at any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All cases oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Sandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Cooria and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

PAINTS

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The best quality of Paints and Oils manufactured by

MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING,

of London & Bristol,

can be obtained from all Bazar Dealers.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE

is to enjoy the advantages of perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health and very soon render them fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?

ATANK NIGRAH PILL

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous system.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and preventing waste.

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything that a man should have.

PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 Pills.
WRITE TO-DAY :—VAIDYA SHASTRI.

MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,

Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Jamnagar Kathiawar.
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

BLUTHNER PIANOS

are considered to be the leading:

PIANOS OF THE WORLD

At the Leipsic Conservatorium, the leading and celebrated musical institution of Germany of which Mendelssohn was the first director, nearly

ONE HUNDRED GRANDS

are in constant use.

The extraordinary capacity of these instruments for standing in tune is a feature of very great importance in India. The tropical models of

BLUTHNER PIANOS

may be depended upon to stand with perfect success as they have already stood the test of 25 years, the injurious effects of the extreme humidity and dry heat of India.

SOLE AGENTS.
MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 15th May, 1912.

PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ADMINISTRATION.

SIR WILLIAM CHICHELE PLOWDEN is of opinion that although the problems of Indian Administration are numerous and difficult, the more carefully, sympathetically and courageously they are considered the less difficult is their solution. That they cannot be approached with any prospect of success except in that spirit is the conviction of Sir William, who has had many years of experience in administrative work, and when addressing a representative meeting of the East India Association at Westminster the other day, he spoke with authority. He ridiculed the idea that the legislation of 1909, enlarging the Councils and opening up some of the highest appointments to Indians is only intended to prepare India for Home Rule, though he finds among his former colleagues, men of considerable personal experience and knowledge of the country that view is widely taken. To him it is inconceivable that such a construction could be placed, by men who have a knowledge of the country, on the measure which Lord Morley did not initiate, though it was under his auspices that Lord Minto's legislation was passed. At the same time, he remarked, when such a view could be taken by men with Indian experience, it is not surprising that their historical oversight should be so faulty as to lead them to conceive India to be a "vast region peopled by races which, however varied in blood and traditions, have never shown themselves in any case capable of managing their own affairs." Still the idea was prevalent in many quarters that giving Indians a larger share of responsibility in the management of their own affairs was the first step to British evacuation; but whether that idea was well grounded or otherwise matters little, for Home Rule in India will not be seriously discussed within the time of any living individual at the present moment in this country, though there may be even to-day hundreds, perhaps thousands, of Indians capable of managing the affairs of the nation and filling any office they may be called upon to occupy. But the proportion is not enough, and though India, in the Elizabethen era, may have produced a state of civilisation and administration which compared favourably with our own, it is not to-day in a position to demand or hope for any further concessions—"for another quarter of a century" according to one progressive Indian—beyond those granted in 1909.

Sir William Plowden supports the report of the Decentralisation Commission as to the admission of Indians into the high offices and points out that they hold a larger proportion than is generally known. In the case of the important appointments of the Revenue Commissioners there are now four held by Indian gentlemen. In the higher judicial appointments fifty-nine out of two hundred and forty-three, and in the lower judicial ranks two hundred and three out of two hundred and twenty-six are filled by Indians; whilst in the ranks of the administrative officers, the collectors, magistrates and deputy commissioners, the numbers are four hundred and nine English to forty-two Indians. But Sir William would have more Indian officers in the higher ranks of the police and comments on their absence from those ranks. It cannot be in the interests of the country, he thinks, that this should long remain as it is. "It is preposterous to say that you cannot find in the native ranks a class of men or individual men not fully qualified by capacity and, I should add, by character, to undertake the duties of police superintendence in various localities; and by the very nature of the case and the circumstances of the country, if their probity can be assumed, they will be more successful and satisfactory officials than any man brought from a foreign country." There is a saving clause in the above sentence which ought to have been italicised, but presumably Sir William did not realise that it damns his whole contention—or he would have deleted it from beginning to end.

Then, again, Sir William Plowden pleads for the employment of native gentlemen in the higher appointments in the army. Admitting it is an extremely difficult topic to deal with, he thinks, it can only be satisfactorily well "in that liberal and courageous spirit" to which he referred at the outset. What is the position at present? he asks. "You have a large body of soldiery drawn from the fighting classes of the country, whose conspicuous gallantry and fidelity have been evinced on many a stricken field. How can you deny to those men higher positions in their own service than those to which they can already mount?" Conspicuous gallantry and fidelity are excellent qualities, but do they qualify their possessor for command in the field, or do they necessarily include the requisite education in tactics and strategy or to overcome the thousand and one hurdles which a subaltern has to surmount before he arrives at field rank? Would there be time before the gallant and faithful Indian soldier must retire under the age rules to teach him one-half of what he must know before becoming a double company commander? Sir William Plowden was never a soldier, and after, cautiously putting forward one suggestion, he feels it prudent to add "but there are many who can speak much more confidently on this point than I can." And on many others in the paper before us. For it must be remembered that Sir William retired from the Civil Service close on thirty years ago and now in a position of more leisure and little responsibility he offers suggestions which he would not have given a second thought to in the days when he was an active servant of Government. Retired Anglo-Indians—as Sir William himself implies in a remark concerning the India Council—are rarely the men to go to for advice as to the methods of dealing with present day problems, and though undoubtedly Sir William Plowden's paper was intensely interesting, it contained nothing of practical value, except the recommendation to deal with all Indian administrative problems carefully, sympathetically and courageously.

THE WAR.

ALTHOUGH the telegrams announcing the Italian occupations in the Ægean sea have reached us in the briefest possible form, there cannot be much doubt that they are of great importance, for the seizures place the Italian fleet in unbroken command of the road to the Dardanelles, from Kaxo, which is a few miles to the North-East of Crete, to Patmos not far south of Mitylene, the scene of the French Naval demonstration a few years ago. The occupation began, it will be remembered, at Rhodes Island after the Italian ships had penetrated so far north as the entrance to the Dardanelles where they made a considerable demonstration of force attacking the Kumkaleh forts. Meanwhile, since the forward movement began, the Porte mined and closed the Dardanelles to ship traffic, but afterwards, yielding to the persuasion of the Powers, opened up the Straits again. Neither the closing nor the re-opening of the waters appears to have had the slightest effect on the Italians and the inference is that they have abandoned the attitude which they definitely adopted at the beginning of the war—of not carrying hostilities into Turkish territory in Europe—and are determined, by clinching the advantages which they claim to have gained in Tripoli, to make Turkey speak. Before Italy can hope to do this, however, she must gain land victories over the Ottoman army and, again, to accomplish this she must land troops on the shores of the Dardanelles.

It would scarcely be reasonable to think that mere occupation of the islands mentioned in Reuter's telegrams is the only object in view. If that were so, we should be justified in assuming that it had been done only to impress the public in Italy—to give them value for their money as the saying goes—and it is scarcely likely that Italy would go back upon her original solemn declaration of policy merely to attain this object. We come back then to the original proposition that Italy's object is to make Turkey speak, to compel Turkey to recognize completely and definitely the annexation by her enemy of the African provinces. We need not discuss the morality of the proceeding, for the amenities of war are rarely controlled by such a consideration. In any case, Turkey can have no pretension to hinder Italy from delivering an attack in the Dardanelles or elsewhere, and on the other hand Turkey has a strict right to defend herself to the best of her ability. In her closure of the Dardanelles, there cannot be any gain-saying that she exercised her right, but it was unfortunate that, in doing so, she necessarily interfered with the trade of the neutral Powers. Whatever else may be obscure it is clear that Italy now finds it necessary to abandon her intention of restricting her activity to Africa, and if it will bring the end of the struggle any nearer we are not sure that we are not glad she has done so.

EUGENICS.

ACCORDING to the point of view of the individual, the bold ideas of those, who advocate sensational methods in the cause of eugenics, or race culture, arouse feelings of horror or lively interest and anticipation. The main plank in the platform of the eugenists, if they may be so termed, is the elimination of, or at least the obviation of, the reproductive power amongst the physically and mentally unfit. It is not the province of this brief note to discuss the pros and cons of either proposition, but merely to point out that the movement has recently gained a considerable impetus and that this is evidenced in the calling together of an international congress, which will entirely devote its attention to this subject. Delegates are expected from nearly all parts of the continent of Europe, and from Northern America, and they will meet at the University of London during the last week of July. A prospectus has been issued, and it may be judged from this, that not only will many races be represented, but that the subject will be discussed from many points of view. A long programme of papers has been arranged. They are divided into three classes—eugenics in relation to biology, eugenics in relation to sociology and history, and the practical application of eugenic principles. In the first class the paper which is expected to awaken the widest interest is that of Professor Morselli, of Genoa, on the persistence and variation of racial characters. A paper that will open wide questions in the second section is that of Dr. Corrade Gini, of the University of Cagliari, on the problem of eugenics from the democratic point of view. In the third section Sir William Osler is announced to read a paper on "Eugenics and the medical profession," and Dr. St. E. Jordan, of Virginia University, is to discuss the place of eugenics in the medical curriculum. A more important object of the congress is to shape an international organisation for the interchange of ideas, to find out from the practical biological workers of different countries exactly how far scientific knowledge warrants legislative action. Inquiry will also be made into the different eugenic institutions in order to ascertain which are successful and which are failures.

INDIAN SUGAR INDUSTRY.

THE eccentricities of the world's sugar trade were indexed in India during last year, and it is satisfactory to know that the acreage under sugar in this country advanced by 10 per cent., and the actual outturn by 8 per cent. We must wait to see whether this increase will be maintained in the current and subsequent years, or whether it was merely the result of the abnormal demand that prevailed through the prolonged drought on the continent. In either case it seems to us that the present will not be inopportune to draw attention once more to the fact that India has no right to be a large buyer of foreign sugar. It has been pointed out time and again that we are the world's biggest growers of cane, and that if the Indian sugar maker could be induced to instal modern plant he would be able to attract much of the custom that now goes abroad. It will be said, perhaps, that the Indian is generally a man of small means, and further that he is so wrapped up in the customs and methods of his forefathers that he has neither time nor use for modern manufacturing methods. As to the first, Mr. Moreland and Mr. Hadi, of the United Provinces Agricultural Department, have by a long series of experiments, proved that an excellent plant capable of a profitable outturn may be installed at a very moderate figure; and regarding the second contention, all that can be said is that the Government have spent much time and money in experimental cultivation and manufacture. The call is now with the Indian, and on him lies the responsibility for effecting the improvement in the industry and, incidentally, in his own condition.

THE WEATHER.

AT this time of the year the daily weather statistics exercise a certain fascination hard to resist. In Bombay, we fear, folk are given to over grumbling, and when they are reminded that they are fairly well off with a slow move upwards between March and monsoon time, are given to the retort that 90 in Bombay is worse than 110 up-country. That of course is the view of the pessimist, and we wonder what he would say if taken into Jacobabad at 124, or at Ahmedabad at 117, or at Akola at 114, or even two or three other towns at 112 each. These were the figures recorded at 8 a.m. yesterday at the places mentioned. Bombay figured 91·6, maximum, at the same time, and we think in all the circumstances that grumbling will be an ungrateful proceeding. It is noteworthy that Poona was favoured with a tornado accompanied by rain on Sunday, but even with those pleasant variations of the hot weather they boasted a maximum temperature on the following day of 104.

THE P. and O. Co's steamer "Himalaya" arrived in London on the morning of the 13th instant.

THE P. and O. Co's steamer "Egypt" arrived at Suez from Bombay on the morning of the 12th instant.

A RESOLUTION regarding the reorganisation of the postal account offices will be issued shortly.

COLONEL LEAN, on being confirmed as Inspector-General of Volunteers, will have the rank of Brigadier-General.

THE Karachi Port Trust is in the market for a suction dredger which is needed in view of the decision to add wharves on the western side of the harbour.

THE accident to Colonel Cartwright occurred at 11 p.m. on the 4th instant. He clung to the side of the well for a couple of hours, then dropped some forty feet into eight feet of water. Fortunately, the well was narrow and pressing against the sides with his knees and back he kept his head above water until 6 a.m., when he was discovered by his own bhisti. Colonel Cartwright is still in hospital but is progressing.

THE late Mr. Patrick Gordon Spence, of Messrs. Spence, Wallis and Co., of 17, Philpot Lane, E. C., and Colombo, left an estate valued at £35,101 net.

ENGLISH as she is wrote by Custom House officers in North Borneo is pleasantly picturesque. They enter on forms of permit such items as "300 Electric Tortures" and "one I. Scream machine." They address the august secretary of a neighbouring colony as the "Hon'ble Coloniable." Mails are given the sexual spelling, and a cooli discharged on the fulfilment of his indentures is spoken of as a coolie expired.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

CHAMPION ATHLETES.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 26.

The Amateur Athletic Association of England decided the first two of this season's flat championships at Stamford Bridge (London), on Saturday, the conditions being very favourable. The walkers came out first for their race at seven miles, particular interest being centred in R. Bridge, a one armed postman from Chorley in Lancashire. He is a new comer, who recently beat W. G. Yates of Manchester and other good men in the Northern Counties championship. The field also included E. J. Webb, newly returned from his sojourn in Canada. The ex-champion looked tough as nails, in spite of his age and hard knocks as a sailor and soldier, his active service including being besieged in Ladysmith. Webb walked well for 4 miles, but is not yet fit for a severe race. Bridge was soon prominent and at one time led Yates by 120 yards. The latter travelled splendidly in the sixth and seventh miles and was only 14secs. behind, when Bridge finished the journey in 52mins. 45 3-5secs. The world's amateur record is 50mins. 50 4-5secs. by G. E. Larner, and whilst Bridge is unlikely to ever equal the figures he can be improved. The winner is a very little man, with a light body. His action above the hips is jerky, but close attention to his feet failed to reveal the slightest "lift," one foot always touching the ground. The best style was shown by Yates, who is sure to create a favourable impression at the Olympic Games.

THE RUNNERS.

England sadly lacks a Shrubb at the present time. There were twenty-two runners in the ten miles race, but it is to be feared that none of them will equal the records of giants of the past who might be named. The winner proved to be W. Scott who got home in 52mins. 35secs., and he did not seem distressed. He just beat 52mins. when winning the Northern championship a year ago, but even that will not be good enough against J. Bouin of France. Kolehamenen of Finland, who beat Scott in the 4 miles English championship last July, must also be marked dangerous for Olympic distance honours. Scott runs in a pretty style, with a high bounding stride, but it is not suited to a journey. It is the low gliding stride, with no waste of energy which is best suited for long distance work. Scott forced the pace at the start in an effort to break up F. N. Hibbins, the National cross-country champion, and succeeded in doing so at 3 3-4 miles. He passed the 3 miles mark in 15 min. 2 4-5 secs. and the half journey in 25min. 26 2-5 secs. He slowed very much in the second half however, and would have done better to adopt a more moderate pace at the start.

INTERNATIONAL BOXING.

When C. Ledoux of France met J. Bowker of England at the National Sporting Club, a few months ago, he created a very favourable impression, knocking out his rival. Bowker was giving away weight and this is a big handicap between little men. The visitor was next prevailed on to make a match with Digger Stanley of London for the Bantam Weight Championship, Stanley weighting 115 1-2lbs and Ledoux a pound more when they took the scale at the National Sporting Club on Monday. The Frenchman is steadily built, whilst Stanley is just the opposite, being tall and lanky in comparison to the visitor. The latter was always aggressive, seeking to get to close quarters and hitting with both hands. Stanley was a bit slow to settle down, but after a few rounds he appeared to get the measure of his man and often got in three or four straight lifts without response. Ledoux was game and strong to the finish, but well outpointed. He did not take his defeat well and at first refused to shake hands with his rival. It is good to see European nations hustling John Bull on the field of sport, but as the Rev. de Coursey-Laffan. Hon. Sec. of the British Olympic Association, said recently, "We can still teach many nations how to lose."

To return to Ledoux, he is a real fighter and will improve with more polish. He wants a return match with Stanley, and the latter is quite willing to journey to France for the purpose, so another meeting is probable.

SHORT AND SEVERE.

Another important bout at the "National" on Monday, was that between Pte. McEnroy of the Irish Guards and S. Ellis of London who until recently was a policeman. Much depended on it, the winner being entitled to meet Jack Harrison for the Lord Lonsdale belt (middleweight) which J. Sullivan is forfeiting. Ellis shaped well at the start, but a right to the jaw dropped him. He had not properly recovered on coming up for the second round and another right swing to the point knocked him out.

CRICKET.

The South African cricketers have been getting in some useful practice at the nets this week, the form of the new comers being closely watched. Frank Mitchell, the old Yorkshire player who captains the side, is the only one who looks untrained, the rest filling the eye with their clean, hard appearance. G. A. Faulkner, L. J. Tancred and S. J. Snook have been invited to assist the M. C. C. against Notts at Lord's on Wednesday, when we shall have a chance of seeing how they are shaping. One South African who is already in fine form is Llewellyn, who formerly played for Hants. He is now associated with Accrington, and in a Lancashire Cricket League match on Saturday, he scored a century and took 9 wickets for 23. Before finishing with the South African cricketers, it may be mentioned that at the banquet given them on Monday by the Guildhall Cricket and Athletic Club, Frank Mitchell remarked "I hope when we return, no one will be able to say we have not played cricket."

Big scores are hardly expected in the early part of the season, but a double century has already been recorded.

This was at Cambridge University on Wednesday, when W. N. Riley, a freshman from Malvern, made 209 not out for St. Catherine's against Corpus College. He hits with great power, scoring a 6 and thirty-six 4's in his bright innings of two hours. Riley twice played for Leicestershire last season, but without distinguishing himself. After his recent batting, he is sure to be in request for county cricket.

FOOTBALL.

Another F. A. Cup tournament is now added to the list of past events and the trophy will find a resting place at Barnsley until handed back to the Association next February. The Barnsley club has been "knocking at the door" for some time this being the second appearance in the final in three years, Newcastle beating the Yorkshire team two years ago after a draw at the Crystal Palace. It cannot be said that the success of Barnsley finds much favour among the rank and file of sportsmen. Some of the players did things during the semi-final which might well have been finished by sending the offender off the field. Had this been done, Swindon would have been in the final, instead of having several men crippled.

Barnsley's defence is really wonderful and in the whole twelve matches in connection with the cup ties only three goals have been scored against them. The play at the final on Saturday was a triumph for the defence over the attack, nothing being scored. The match did not prove the draw it would, had a Southern team been engaged the crowd only amounting to about 56,000. The replay at Sheffield attracted 45,000 and again the defence proved exceptional, nothing being scored during the game proper. Extra time was then the order and in the very last minute Tufnell scored for Barnsley. The West Burnwich Albion players were hardly treated fairly in being asked to decide the replay in Yorkshire. The referee had to talk to a Barnsley player for unfair methods towards Pennington and such a good judge as Mr. J. J. Bentley says that West Bromwich ought to have been awarded a penalty on one occasion. Barnsley had not won the cup before whereas West Brownwich Albun has, indeed, the famous Throstles' appeared in the final on three consecutive occasions in the eighties.

GOLF.

The International Shield for teams of ladies from England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales was decided at Ranelagh on Wednesday, the first named winning with a total of 626, one less than Scotland's winning total a year ago. Scotland came second on Wednesday with 631, with Ireland, 645, and Wales 707, following as written. The best individual score was returned by Miss C. Leitch (74) Miss K. Stuart and Mrs Greville coming next with 96.

A. BIG TOURNAMENT.

There was a numerous entry for the Southern, Northern and Eastern Sections of the Professional Golfers' Association £350 tournament, the qualifying competition of which claimed attention on Wednesday. Most of the cracks have got through and some showed splendid form. H. Vardon did 5 holes in 16 strokes in the winning round. J. Braid and P. J. Gaudin made the best returns for the 36 holes, each doing 147. Gaudin returned 71 for the second round, when he came home in 31, the fifteenth hole (331 yards) only taking him two, thanks halving out with an approach shot of nearly 150 yards.

Braid also did best in the second round, when his score was 72 after an outward half in 32. He was weak on the greens, two missed putts increasing his score. G. Duncan, R. Jones, J. H. Taylor, J. G. Sherlock, H. Vardon and A. Grant are some of the players left in for the final at Haylake in May. The last named is an unattached man who did rounds of 74 and 74, his total of 148 being only one stroke more than the two leaders.

THE TURF.

Fast times were a feature of the Epsom First Spring Meeting this week. Premier-place must be awarded to Great Surprise, Mr. H. Rhodes's colt winning the Great Surrey Handicap of 5 furlongs under an impost of 143lbs. in the remarkable time of 55 3/5secs. This is a world's record and an exceptional one remembering the weight the 4-year old son of Avidity or Fareman out of Armorel had to carry. After this showing, Great Surprise must be awarded the palm among sprinters in training the Epsom course for 5 and 6 furlongs is favourable and the conditions generally have been ideal this week. Other past performances were recorded, Canonile's 67 4/5secs. for the 6 furlongs in the Banstead Selling Plate only being 2·5 of a second outside the record.

A FINE STAYER.

The Great Metropolitan Handicap of about 2 1/2 miles served to show accurate to advantage, the daughter of Pericles-Accuracy winning very easily. Sir P. Walker's 6-year old was carrying 108 lbs. and the time, 3mins. 57 4/5secs, was the fastest in the history of the race. She was bought as a yearling for 30 guineas and passed into her present owner's hands for 550 guineas and on his latest running is a rare bargain.

King George was present to see the City and Suburban decided on Wednesday, and it is understood that he will attend several meetings this year, which is good. The race proved a big surprise, only the immediate connection profiting by the easy win of Chili II. The son of Ayreshire Chelys was less than a length in front of Lonawand at the finish, but Mr. Milss's colt had something in reserve. He ran the 1 1/4 miles under an impost of 97lbs. in 2mins. 6 4/5secs., and the critics were impressed.

IN GENERAL.

Additional ground has been acquired at Hurlingham, and extensive alterations are to be carried out, including the making of a new first class match ground.

The Hull Marathon race for amateurs on Saturday, was won by S. Francomb of Wirral, who ran the 19 1/2 miles in 1 hour 54mins. 1sec.

In a pigeon shooting match at Notting Hill this week, Mr. Clarge made 23 consecutive kills standing 29 yards away.

The Welsh lads proved successful in the Schoolboys' International Soccer match against England on Saturday.

The Middlesex players made a splendid fight of it against Cheshire in the inter-county lacrosse championship at Leicester on Saturday, and it was only towards the end that Cheshire forged ahead to win by 13 goals to 10.

Inman (scratch) and Diggle (rec. 1,000) are having a rare struggle in their billiard match. Diggle was nearly 1,500 points in front early in the week, but Inman got within 201 yesterday, though Diggle was still 412 in front when play ended.

A feature of yesterday's play in the covered court lawn tennis championship was the meeting of M. J. G. Ritchie and A. H. Lowe, the former winning by 7 games to 2.

—The monthly meeting of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts was held at 15, Tufton Street, Westminster, on April 19. In his survey the secretary said:—The Indian Episcopate have welcomed a proposal to establish somewhere in a good climate in their higher lands, a central college for the higher theological training of all Anglican Indian clergy—a college or faculty round which all societies could group their hostels, and where the highest theological instruction could be given in English.

It is officially announced that the King has approved the appointment of Major-Gen. E. C. Bethune, C.V.O., C.B., as Director-General of the Territorial Force, with effect from June 3 next, vice Major-Gen. J. S. Cowans, C.B., M.V.O., who on that date assumes the appointment of Quartermaster-General to the Forces, in succession to Lieut.-Gen. Sir H. S. G. Miles, K.C.B., C.V.O.

Representatives of the Japanese and Russian railways have been sitting in conference at Vladivostock (states Reuter's Tokio correspondent) with a view to arranging for a through traffic rate for exports of Japanese silks to Europe. Hitherto silk has been shipped via the Suez Canal and has taken about forty-five days in transport. By the proposed new arrangement it will go via Siberia to Berlin in thirteen days at the through rate of 5·52 roubles per pood.

SENTENCE ON MISS MALECKA.

INVOLVES DEPRIVATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS.

Imprisonment Followed by Exile for Life.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 14.

Miss Malecka's counsel states that the sentence passed on her involves deprivation of all civil rights, also, upon the expiry of her sentence, exile to Siberia for life, Miss Malecka to live where ordered by the police.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Will Attend the French Naval Exercises.

LONDON, MAY 14.

The Prince of Wales will motor to Toulon next week to attend the French Naval exercises.

The Prince will spend three days on the battleship "Danton."

AVIATION TRAGEDY.

Airman and Passenger Killed at Brooklands.

LONDON, MAY 14.

Mr. Fisher, an aviator, together with his passenger, a rich American, was killed, while flying at Brooklands yesterday evening. The passenger was pinned beneath the burning aeroplane.

LATER.

The passenger who was in the aeroplane with Mr. Fisher, at Brooklands, was Mr. Victor Mason, Vice-President of the Development Company of America, and a director of other mining companies. He was on the point of concluding a big deal in London.

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

Continued Italian Activity in the Ægean Sea.

ROME, MAY 13.

The Italians have further captured the islands of Kalismo, (Kalimno), Lero and Patmos. The Turkish authorities and officials have been taken on board warships.

ARAB DEFEAT IN TRIPOLI.

ROME, MAY 13.

The Italians surprised the Arabs at Tobruk, driving them off and killing over one hundred. The Italian casualties were six.

BRITISH CORRESPONDENT KILLED.

LONDON, MAY 14.

Mr. Smallwood, correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* with the Turks, has been killed in a skirmish near Derna, Tripoli.

The Italians are marking extensive preparations for the administration of the recently captured islands. They have established a steamship service between Brindisi, Stampalia and Rhodes, and many police and other officials are already *en route* for the islands.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MAY 14.

The Chamber of Deputies cheered on a telegram being read from Enver Bey declaring that all the Turks in Tripoli were determined to resist to the end.

THE LATE MR. W. T. STEAD.

Remarkable Collection of Tributes.

LONDON, MAY 13.

The *Review of Reviews* has published a memorial number to Mr. W. T. Stead. Among the tributes is one from Lord Fisher, who describes Mr. Stead as a human Dreadnought. Mr. Stead unfolded Naval plans to Lord Fisher in 1885 and afterwards secured five millions sterling for the Navy. He also originated the "Two Keels to One" ideal.

Lord Milner writes that he cannot recall anyone possessing equal vitality.

Lord Esher says that no events of material importance to the country have happened since 1880 which Mr. Stead has not influenced.

CAVALRY AND AEROPLANES.

Important Military Operations at Aldershot

LONDON, MAY 14.

The King will go to Aldershot to-morrow, to witness the military operations which are designed to show the increasing importance of cavalry co-operating with aeroplanes carrying bombs, for reconnoitring purposes.

DUELLING IN GERMANY.

Recriminatory Debate in the Reichstag.

LONDON, MAY 14.

The Reichstag has adopted a resolution aiming at the restriction of duelling in the German Army, with an amendment, proposed by the Socialists, that no officer shall be dismissed for declining to challenge.

Herr Ledebour (Socialist), said that the Kaiser, the supreme commander, stood on the lowest moral level, rejecting the duel for himself and his family but forcing others to fight.

The President of the Reichstag rebuked Herr Ledebour, who retorted that if a Prussian Prince were shot, duelling would be abolished immediately.

LABOUR IN CEYLON.

Difficulties of Tea Estate Proprietors.

RIVALRY OF RUBBER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 14.

At a meeting of Ceylon proprietary tea estates the Chairman referred to the competition for labour, owing to the requirements of rubber estates. There was little fear, however, of not being able, in future, to obtain sufficient hands for both tea and rubber estates, as they had the large population of Southern India to draw upon, and the natives of Ceylon were now more willing to work in the low country. The strain of the competition was in the tea estates, where economical working did not enable them to offer the same inducements as rubber estates.

SAVANNAH COTTON FIRE.

6,500 Bales Worth £71,500 Destroyed.

LONDON, MAY 14.

A message from Savannah states that the sheds of the Atlantic Coast Railroad have been burned by lightning, involving 6,500 bales of cotton, valued at £71,500.

THE MELILLA PROBLEM.

Spanish Troops again in the Field.

LONDON, MAY 14.

Fighting took place throughout yesterday on the heights round Melilla, several Spanish columns being engaged.

The Spanish losses were five killed and twenty wounded. A lieutenant was among the killed.

REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

Twelve-hour Battle Ends in Rebel Retreat.

NEW YORK, MAY 13.

After a twelve-hours' battle between five thousand Mexican rebels and five thousand Federal troops, in which the casualties were five hundred on both sides, the rebels retreated, burning the bridges behind them. They abandoned ten guns and much ammunition. It is expected that they will make a last stand at Escalon.

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

Government Bill to be Taken after Whitsuntide.

LONDON, MAY 14.

Replying in the House of Commons yesterday, to Lord Ronaldshay, Mr. Asquith said the remaining stages of the Government of India Bill would be taken immediately after the Whitsun holidays, probably on June 7th.

Replying to Mr. Watt, in the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Montagu said there was no present intention of recommending the experimental introduction of the Baroda compulsory education scheme elsewhere.

DIPLOMATIC CHANGES.

Reason for Change at German Embassy in London.

LONDON, MAY 13.

Reuter learns that the British Government's approval of the appointment of Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, as German Ambassador in London, was given on Saturday. The new Ambassador will arrive in the middle of June.

The stories of a "special mission" are described as "fantastical nonsense." Germany is merely sending her most able diplomat out of compliment to Great Britain.

Count Wolff-Metternich is still down with bronchitis from which he has long suffered acutely.

SLEEPING SICKNESS.

Notable Movement to Widen Research Work.

LONDON, MAY 13.

From July 1st, the Sleeping Sickness Bureau will become the Tropical Diseases Bureau with an increase in funds contributed by the Imperial Government, India, South Africa, the Sudan, Ceylon, the Malay States, the West African Colonies, the West Indies and Fiji. The Bureau will have an annual income of £3,000 sterling. The new Bureau will be quartered in the Imperial Institute.

Two eminent veterinary surgeons have joined.

THE "OCEANA."

LONDON, MAY 14.

The total value of bars recovered from the "Oceana" on Saturday and Sunday was £55,000.

THE "ARCADIAN."

LONDON, MAY 14.

The Royal Mail Company's yacht "Arcadian," which was ashore at Cartagena, Colombia, has been refloated.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, MAY 14.

The death is announced of Sir John Grinlinton.

[The late Sir John Joseph Grinlinton, who was knighted in 1894 for his services as Special Commissioner for Ceylon at the World's Colombian Exposition at Chicago, had a remarkable career. He was born in 1828, and after serving for a time in the Ordnance Survey of England was gazetted to the 56th Regiment. He was present throughout the Crimea, being mentioned in despatches on the fall of Sebastopol. In 1857, he was appointed Assistant Surveyor General in Ceylon, and retired from the Army in the following year. From 1857 to 1898, when he finally retired from the public service he filled many offices in the Colony, including membership of the Legislative Council, on which he represented the European community.]

BILLS WITHOUT HOPE.

Welsh Disestablishment and Home Rule.

FINAL REJECTION CERTAIN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 14.

The debates on the Welsh Disestablishment and Home Rule Bills in the House of Commons are sparsely attended, it being generally felt that their passage through the Commons and rejection by the Lords are equally certain.

MINIMUM WAGE ACT.

The First Two Successful References.

LONDON, MAY 14.

The Leicestershire and North Staffordshire District Boards have satisfactorily settled the question of miners' wages.

LONDON, MAY 13.

Lord St. Aldwyn has declined to grant the application of the South Wales coalowners for a reduction of 1¼ per cent. in the general wage rate.

BOXING.

Langford Outfights Chicago Heavy-weight.

MELBOURNE, MAY 13.

"Sam" Langford defeated Barry, the Chicago heavy-weight, in a boxing match here to-day.

The referee stopped the fight after eleven rounds. Barry was outclassed throughout.

GERMAN NAVY BILL.

LONDON, MAY 13.

The Committee of the Reichstag has passed the Navy Bill without amendment. The Socialists alone opposed the measure.

THE POLO DECREE.

LONDON, MAY 14.

It is understood, says the *Times*, that the Army Council have in no way modified the facilities enjoyed by officers in taking part in polo in London. The paper says its authority for yesterday's statement quoted by mistake a letter circulated by the Commander of the Cavalry Brigade.

THE DURBAR CHANGES.

Transfer of Calcutta Buildings.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 14.

The *Englishman* states that the Government of India has not yet decided whether to charge the Bengal Government for Government House, Calcutta, as the Governor's residence, or hand it over free. When the Government of India took over the house from the East India Company, the house was valued at fourteen lakhs, and that sum was paid. At present, allowing for increased value of the grounds and new buildings, the sale value is put approximately at two and a half crores.

Referring to the figures which it published last Saturday of the estimated cost of other public buildings, it declares that the Government of India has decided, if it hands them over, to do so at the following figures:

Foreign and Military Office, Rs. 21,00,000; Imperial Secretariat, Rs. 10,87,000; Commerce and Industry, Rs 14,80,000; Post Office, Rs. 16,56,000; Telegraph Office, Rs. 9,83,000.

The same paper further declares that it is suggested that the Corporation should take over the Foreign and Military Office, while the police head-quarters will be removed to the Municipal Buildings. The new Stamp and Stationery Office in Church Lane will cost nine lakhs when complete, and will also be vacant.

[*Quoted in the "Bombay Gazette" yesterday.]

PROTECTION OF GIRLS.

A Bill to be Introduced by Indian Councillor.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 14.

The necessary sanction, as required by Section 19 of the Indian Councils Act, has been accorded to the Hon. Mr. M. B. Dadabhoy, C. I. E., to introduce in the Legislative Council of the Governor-General, a Bill to make further provision for the protection of women and girls and other purposes. It is expected that the Bill will be introduced by Mr. Dadabhoy during the autumn session at Simla.

At present there are no details available as to the general scope of the Bill, but it is believed that it enacts a provision preventing the dedication of minor girls, and other offences against girls under 16 years of age. It also deals with their procuration, defilement, adoption by othersand the liability of householders.

The Bill is of a very comprehensive nature and, though likely to invite considerable criticism, is expected to secure general public support.

UNIVERSITY SCANDAL.

Examination Papers Tampered with at Nagpur.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 14.

The Superintendent of the Allahabad University Examination, Nagpur Centre, having reported that the question papers in Modern History and Physiology for the Intermediate Examination had been tampered with, it has now been decided to re-examine the candidates in those subjects on the 17th of June.

STORM IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 14.

A violent storm broke over Calcutta this evening. Rain fell in torrents for over half-an-hour an many people thought the monsoon had burst.

LHASSA WAR HORRORS.

TERRIBLE PEN PICTURE OF THE HOLY CITY.

Heaps of Dead Bodies lying in the Streets.

OUTBREAK OF PLAGUE FEARED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 14.

The special Chinese correspondent of the *Statesman*, wiring from Kalimpong, and quoting from a private letter from Lhassa, paints a terrible picture of the state of the holy city.

He says: "The din of indiscriminate firing by the Tibetans is constant. Heaps of dead bodies of Tibetans are lying in the streets and dogs have already begun to eat them. Affairs are so appalling that an outbreak of plague is feared.

He further says that in face of the danger, the Chinese have united and that the latest development is that the Tibetans are rallying under the Chinese flag.

It appears that Kharloong was murdered and his property destroyed by Tibetans for favouring the Chinese, and his son, in revenge, has got together 3,000 followers who are fighting side-by-side with the Chinese.

Rumour states that the Tashi Lama has been ordered to vacate his chair by the Dalai Lama for his pro-Chinese policy and some say he has already reached Kalimpong, but the statement is not confirmed. It is said that the Dalai Lama has been so ordered by his voteries to return that he said he would start for Golingka two miles beyond the British Trade Agency buildings at Yatung, but no date has been fixed for the start.

THE ABOR COUNTRY.

Report on Natural History Investigations.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 14.

Mr. S. W. Kemp, Senior Assistant Superintendent of the Indian Museum, has presented to the trustees his report on his zoological and anthropological visit undertaken during the Abor expedition.

He writes that the zoological results should prove of considerable interest when the collection is worked out by the strong committee which has been appointed, and the collection of mammals comprises forty-six skins, including a new species of bat. About one hundred and thirty kid skins were obtained, which probably does not represent one-half of the species. Reptiles and batmehia include several species hitherto unknown.

Among twenty-four varieties of snakes three are a new species and one is undescribed. The batmehia are mostly arboreal forms. Leeches were comparatively scarce. A number of anthropological measurements were taken at Kemsing.

AN ARMY TRAGEDY.

Bandmaster Commits Suicide at Secunderabad.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, MAY 14.

Mr. Imbusch, bandmaster of the 6th Jats Light Infantry, committed suicide this morning in his quarters at 4 a.m., by cutting his throat with a razor. Mr. Imbusch was the pensioned bandmaster of the Middlesex Regiment and recently joined the Jats. A verdict of "suicide during temporary insanity" was recorded, and the deceased was buried with military honours this evening at the Secunderabad cemetary.

FREEMASONRY.

The New Masters of the Simla Lodges.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 14.

Colonel Sir Henry McMahon has been elected Master of Lodge Himalyan Brotherhood and the annual installation banquet will take place at the Town Hall on the 10th of June.

Major Jackson, who has been elected Master of Lodge Kitchener, will be installed on the 4th of June.

VICEREGAL DINNER PARTY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 14.

A dinner party was held at Viceregal Lodge this evening, and among those present were:—Sir Robert and Lady Carlyle and Miss Barton; Maharajah Holkar; General Sir Percy and Lady Lake; Mr and Mrs. Wheeler; Mr. and Mrs. Stuart and Miss Impey; Major General and Mrs. Birdwood and Miss Bromhead; Colonel, Mrs. and Miss Smith; Mr. Connolly; Mr. and Mrs. Butler; Mr. A. H. Grant; Colonel and Mrs. Barry and Miss Dingwall Fordyce; Lieut-Colonels Twining and Cobb; Major and Mrs. St. John; Major and Mrs. Smith: Major and Mrs. Luard; Major, Mrs. and Miss Bradshaw, Miss Howell and Miss Osborne.

THE D. H. RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 14.

A Darjeeling message says that it is probable the head-quarters of the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway will be removed to Kurseong owing, it is stated, to high land values in Darjeeling and the difficulty of securing a suitable site there for offices.

THE SEISTAN BORDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 14.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* understands that there is still some unrest on the southern Seistan border owing to the presence of Baluchi raiders in that area.

COTTON GROWING IN SIND.

American Staples to be Exploited.

NEW BOMBAY COMPANY.

Some days ago we described a movement for the formation of a syndicate in Bombay, which intends to erect a ginning factory at a central station in Sind, and will take from the Sind cultivators raw cotton grown from American seed for eventual sale, primarily, in Bombay.

We understand that it has now been definitely decided that such a syndicate will be formed. Its title will be "The Sind Cotton-Growing Syndicate, Ltd." It will go to registration within a few days, and a prospectus will shortly be issued to millowners in Bombay, who are not at present interested, and to others concerned in the cotton trade.

The directors will be:

Hon. Mr. Herbert Greaves;
Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy;
Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji;
Mr. J. F. Bradbury, and
Mr. N. B. Saklatwalla.

The agents will be Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co. and the syndicate will bank with the Bank of India Ltd. The capital is to be one lakh of rupees in ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each, Rs. 50,000 being paid up, Rs. 25,000 being payable on demand, and the balance of Rs. 25,000 as required, or by decision of the directors.

It has been decided that the ginning factory shall be erected at Jacobabad and it is intended that both in structure and equipment it shall be a model of its kind. The machinery will be driven by a complete-combustion crude-oil engine and there will be an installation of ten single-roller gins with two of the latest power saw-gins.

For at least three years the Syndicate is to enjoy Government support. Government not only undertakes to supply seed, but that its cultivation shall be directed by officers of the Agricultural Department. Ten tons of approved American seed is expected to reach Bombay in a week or two, and a further supply of thirty tons will be delivered early next year.

The Syndicate will commence operations in November, when this season's crop has been picked. It will take any cotton, which is available from any sowings of American seed at present in Sind, as well as the results of the Government supply of ten tons. The latter, by the way, is expected during a first season, when the cultivators will be unaccustomed to this crop, to produce some 250 bales only.

OPERA HOUSE.

The Lang-Holloway Co. Score another Success.

WHERE are the false prophets? When it was first announced that Mr. Matheson Lang and Miss Hutin Britton proposed to tour India with Shakesperean productions there were some who appealed to a long experience in India for evidence whereon to prophesy financial failure. "It is too heavy," we were told, and, particularly in Bombay, people would not be prepared to sit out Shakespeare even in the cold weather. But our people are proving—even now when the weather is hot and electric fans refuse to afford more than a minimum of relief—that art, when it is art, makes a strong appeal to Bombay people. It can never again be said that local playgoers will easily be satisfied with second-best, for unfortunately we have in the past had to be satisfied with second-best productions, and these have failed to achieve in favourable climatic circumstances what Mr. Lang and Miss Britton are achieving in this very hot month of May.

It is a monotonous task to continue a record of the company's present season. With one exception different productions have been staged each night, and each succeeding play has been as successful as its predecessor. What we had to report in the case of the "Merchant of Venice" had to be repeated when "Bardelys the Magnificent" and "Much ado about Nothing," and other plays came under review.

Last night it was "Romeo and Juliet," the Bard's sublime tragedy, and once more we have to say that the theme was presented with telling and insistent effect. The play is one that everybody knows: most of us learned it at school, and some of us, in after life, have taken it to our consolation, or despair, according to the point of view, when we were old enough to practice restraint so that none might know what was the measure of our grief or joy. Memories of this must have been recalled last night, for both Mr. Lang and Miss Britton brought before their audience notthe mere words, as we have seen them in the frigid environment of ink and paper, but the living human study which Shakespeare created and reduced to words as a part of his own immortality.

It may be possible to say that there have been other conceptions of the great tragedy—it would be strange if otherwise—but we are not prepared to admit there have been greater. To enter upon a complete study of what we saw last night would be impossible: to divide the two central figures in the story would be to do them injustice. For example, in the bed-chamber scene, in which the lovers part, both reached a perfection we do not believe it possible to be exceeded. Love and despair anxiety and hope—these were the emotions which chased each other from heart to heart of the two at that parting, at the banishment of Romeo, which stands now, as it will stand for ever, the world-type of human sorrow. So far as the audience were concerned, Romeo and Juliet re-enacted their parting in Bombay last night, and, so fully was it realized, the past had to fade into the present before it was remembered that a tribute was due to a wonderful display of dramatic art. There is that other scene too, when the news of the death of Juliet reaches Romeo, and in that minute of tragedy at the graveside of life and hope, Mr. Lang was most powerful and convincing of all.

There is no more to be said except, perhaps, that the rest of the Company were excellently cast and played strongly up to their principals. Success was complete in every respect.

The rush to the booking office yesterday clearly proved that no better news could have been given to Bombay playgoers than that Mr. Matheson Lang's fine performances of Hamlet and Othello would be seen this week. To-night will provide a special attraction, for it will be remembered that it was in the "Taming of the Shrew" that Mr. Matheson Lang and Miss Hutin Britton first introduced themselves to India five months ago.

AMERICA-INDIA.

The Bombay public has been fortunate to secure an opportunity of witnessing two films entitled "Brutus" and "Bold Harry" which are being nightly thrown on to the screen at the America-India Cinematograph, and which have been causing some stir among audiences. "Brutus" is the well-known historical play containing the scene in which Cæsar is murdered in open court. The film is remarkably steady and clear. Since the announcement, there has been an extraordinary rush and the audiences have approved the film with one voice.

"Bold Harry" has also produced a considerable effect upon the minds of the audience.

The length of the "Titanic" was 882 1-2 feet, and some of the world's greatest buildings, as far as height is concerned, are as follows:—Bunker Hill Monument, Boston, 221 feet; public buildings, Philadelphia, 534 feet; Washington Monument, Washington, 555 feet; Metropolitan Tower, New York, 700ft; New Woolworth building, New York, 750 feet; Cologne Cathedral, Cologne, Germany, 516 feet; Grand Pyramid, Ghizeh, Africa, 451 feet; and St. Peter's Church, Rome, 448 feet.

KARACHI NOTES.

Phenomenal Development of the Port.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MAY 12.

There can be no doubt that, as a port, Karachi continues to go ahead with large strides. Both in the matter of the accommodation provided for steamers and in the facilities for their loading and unloading, there has been a great development in recent years, and the increase in the Port Trust revenue is a sufficient justification for the large sums that have been, and still are being, expended on this increased accommodation. The development in the trade of the port within recent years has been phenomenal and there seems no reason to anticipate anything but further progress in the future.

It is not so easy, however, to determine the extent of Karachi's development as a city. Progress there has certainly been, but it cannot be said that this is marked to the same extent as the development of Karachi as a port. A number of new business houses have opened in the last few years, but a few of these have put up their shutters again. They evidently have not found the profitable field for their labours, their projects or their goods, which they had anticipated. There are a few new office buildings, a few new shops and a few new bungalows, but building can hardly be said to have proceeded on a large scale. Mention must be made of the reclamation of a large area of land by the Port Trust on either side of Queen's Road. There is also the new Hardinge Bridge which was opened by the Viceroy about a year ago. The Municipality has not been inactive and they deserve every commendation for the fine pavements they are putting down, notably in McLeod Road, which are a great advance on the "rustic" sandy footways of yesterday. These pavements have the advantage of reducing the dust which is always a real evil in Karachi. Furthermore, there is not the same amount of shouting required as formally by gharriwallas in their desire to rouse a sleeping pedestrian from his slumbers before running over him. The native has taken kindly to the pavements provided for him.

Last but not least I must record the change from horse to motor traction of the Karachi trams and the extension of the system from the Suddar to the Cantonment Station. The motor trams seem in every way suited to Karachi's needs and to a lover of horseflesh it is a comfort to see the trams "pulling themselves." These are perhaps the most striking developments which meet the eye in this "City of Dust." They are not very convincing in themselves of any great progress of Karachi as a city, but yet they are all signs of an onward movement.

"WE STILL WANT MORE."

We still want more in the shape of local industries. At present we can only point to our three flour mills and I am told that these are, if anything, more than sufficient for the present demand. We still have to put up with the oil lamp and we long for the electric light and fans of more advanced cities. But we must wait for these luxuries.

April and early May saw the departure as usual of a large number of residents for well earned rest in cooler climes. Most of these we hope to see again later in the year. A few have left us permanently. Foremost amongst the latter come Mr. Augustus Thiele, for many years in charge of Messrs. Volkart's agency here. He has gone home to join the management of the firm's London office. To write that he will be much missed, is to write a truism. He was amongst the oldest of European residents of Karachi and his services to the Port Trust and to the Chamber of Commerce have been substantial. He always brought a sound judgment to bear upon the problems of Karachi into all of which he has thrown much zeal. He also played many important roles in the productions of the Karachi Amateur Dramatic Club. Captain Tindall of the well-known "Patrick Stewart" is another, who has left for retirement, and Karachi is thus deprived of a most genial personage who invariably had some local news of interest to relate.

The Karachi Gymkhana has been much improved in the last two years. The terrace has been widened by throwing it out towards the lawn; two new cardrooms have been built as well as a new office; the bar has been made larger and more comfortable, while the ladies' drawing-room has also been made larger and presumably more attractive. I say "presumably" because it always seems empty and deserted in favour of the terrace, but it is more used in the cold weather. Mr. Humphrey, who has done much for the Gymkhana since he became Honorary Secretary a few years ago, was presented with a testimonial the other day on this relinquishing office prior to going on leave.

The Sind Club continues to flourish and to maintain its position as one of the finest clubs in India, let, is about to launch on new waters. At a recent general meeting the members gave the committee power to raise the first instalment of a loan to be used for new buildings on the adjacent site acquired from Lodge Hope a few years back. Proposals and plans are to be laid before a special general meeting at a later date. These will be awaited with interest especially as some "concession of entry" to the fair sex is, I believe, contemplated.

The Gold Club has increased in importance and strength, due I am told to the energies of Mr. Boyd, Honorary Secretary, and of Mr. Hardie, Honorary Treasurer. Leave has caused both these officials to resign office, but Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Brachi have, respectively, consented to take up the vacant reins.

Cricket has started and a practice game was played last Saturday.

Only four of the twenty-two engaged reached double figures, so the batting does not look too formidable on the face of things. But perhaps the bowling does, for, of the ten men who bowled, nine got wickets. Yet I somehow think that, as is usually the case, bowling and not batting will prove the Gymkhana's weakness. Travers with 69 and Geary with 41 were the chief run-getters on Saturday.

NAVAL INTERESTS.

Karachi is quite a Naval port now adays. A few days ago H. M. S. "Highflyer" with H. E. Rear-Admiral the Hon A. E. Bethell C. M. G. on board, honoured us with a visit on her way from Muscat to Bombay and a small impromptu dance was given by the Commissioner and Mrs. Younghusband at Government House in honour of the occasion. To-day H. M. S. "Fox" and H. M. S. "Harold" are both in port. No doubt there is not any longer the work to be done up the Gulf that there has been in recent years. If this means more Naval ships in Karachi Harbour, we are glad.

Mr. Johns C. I. E., who is surveying for the proposed Persian-Railway, is now back in Karachi.

THE AKBARI HAJ.

Local Police Arrangements Commended.

The letter of the Commissioner, Bombay Police, to the Government of Bombay enclosing the report of the Protector of Emigrants dealing with the last outgoing Haj-season, has been made the subject of the following Resolution:

"As was expected, the influx of pilgrims into Bombay during the season under report was unusually heavy owing to the Akbari Haj which occurs about once every three years. Nevertheless the percentage of pilgrims who submitted themselves to vaccination in Bombay rose from 45 to 65. The acknowledgments of Government are due to Mr. Edwardes and his staff for the success which has attended their operations and the encouraging results which the return season has so far disclosed. In connection with the latter Government will await the submission in due course of a complete report on the subject. The Governor in Council is glad to notice the co-operation of the municipal officers with the Pilgrim Department and the commendation bestowed by Mr. Edwardes on the Protector of Pilgrims, Moulvi Abdulla Ahmed."

The Governor in Council has sanctioned the grant to the following persons on the establishment of the Pilgrim Department of the honoraria specified against their names:—Mr. P. K. Acharya Head Clerk, Rs. 50; Mr. S. A. Khateeb, 1st Assistant, Rs. 40; Munshi Iftekhar-uz-Zahedin, Interpreter, Rs. 20 and Peon Tafazul Husain, Rs. 20.

CURRENT INDIAN NEWS.

Mr. J. R. Cunningham of the Indian Education Service is appointed to be Director of Public Instruction, Assam, until further orders.

It has been decided to postpone the operations in connection with the revision of the record of rights in Behar to October of next year.

The Right Rev. Dr. Vismara, Bishop of Hyderabad, and his Vicar General, Fr. Civatti, will leave for Europe on Wednesday, to attend the General Council of the Foreign Missions of Milan Society.

Special attention in the matter of sanitation is likely to be given to the area to be temporarily occupied by the Government of India residences and offices at Delhi.

A special cable from Home to the "Pioneer" says that in the amateur tennis championships Mr. E. M. Baerlein has beaten the Hon. N. Lytton, (holder) by three sets to love.

At the parade service of the Simla Volunteer Rifles on the 19th of May the Commander-in-Chief and officers, of Army Head-quarters will be present and His Excellency will afterwards inspect the Corps.

A serious collision between two goods trains took place at midnight yesterday on the South Indian Railway between the stations Tirumangalam and Kalligadi and through running will not be restored for three days more at least.

The annual Sipi Fair at Simla has been fixed this year for the 14th and 15th instant. The former will be the principal day and will, as usual, be observed as a holiday by the Government of India and local offices.

Inspector Farrow of the Calcutta Mounted Police will shortly proceed to London to undergo a course of training in regulating motor-car and general traffic, on the completion of which he will return to Calcutta, it is understood, to supervise the traffic arrangements here.

As a result of the introduction of motor fire engines into the Calcutta Fire Brigade, the number of horses in the possession of the Brigade for use with steam engines is being considerably reduced. So far sixteen horses, out of thirty, have been dispensed with.

In an interview with a leading motor firm regarding the possibilities of a cheap bus service in Calcutta, as suggested by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, it is said that one firm was prepared to inaugurate a service if only it received some assurance of support.

The death is reported, at Darbhanga, of Pandit Vindyanath Jha, the eldest brother of Mahamahopadhya Dr. Ganganath Jha. Pandit Vindyanath Jha was a very energetic and competent officer in the service of the Darbhanga Raj.

A correspondent, telegraphing from Nowgong (Assam) yesterday, says that cholera has broken out in epidemic form in many places of the district, resulting in many deaths, and that the number is increasing daily. Preventive measures are said to be wanting, coupled with medical aid.

The demand for trained recruits for the Calcutta police force having exceeded the supply of the training school at Ranchi, the authorities are now casting about for a suitable site for a similar school in Calcutta. At present a large number of recruits undergo their three months' training on the open space opposite the Town Hall.

Rai Gyanendra Nath Chakravarti Bahadur, Inspector of Schools, Allahabad, will leave for Europe on the 18th instant to be present, as delegate of the Allahabad University at the Congress of the Universities of the Empire in London. It is understood that the authorities of the Congress have arranged to take the delegates round to the various other Universities of the United Kingdom for a tour.

The continuous fight the Calcutta Port Commissioners are forced to make against the treacherous Hooghly is well illustrated by the report of the working of the dredger "Sandpiper." During last year the vessel spent 259 days in improving navigable channels, during which time she dredged over 177,950 feet and lifted 5,305,550 tons of spoil against 237 1-2 days over 147,685 feet and 4,448,500 tons of spoil dredged, in 1910.

It has now been decided that the Gordons will not leave Cawnpore till the beginning of December and it is therefore hoped that they will help to swell the entries for the Polo Tournament. It will be difficult to fix on a date for this, that is, if there is any truth in the rumours of early and extensive manœuvres: manœuvres which are to make up, in their severity, for the laying indulged in last year at Delhi.

The Cawnpore correspondent of the "Pioneer" writes:—"We are now considering Government dispositions, or what they propose, in regard to the Commerce Member and his Department. We are temporarily staggered by Calcutta's assumption, but I dare say we shall get over that at any rate there is no reason why Cawnpore should be ignored: few would say that as an industrial city, we have been less successful than Calcutta in our several undertakings."

An important scheme has been sanctioned whereby steps will be taken for the proper organisation of the sanitary staff in the various provinces, and important municipalities will be provided with qualified sanitary officers. Speaking on this point in the course of the Budget debate, Sir Harcourt Butler said, "A scheme for the reorganisation and improvement of the sanitary services has been submitted to the Secretary of State and a grant of two lakhs and a quarter has been sanctioned towards its introduction."

The Calcutta markets appear to be as perfectly run as things can be. There are between four and five hundred coolies plying for hire within the new Market premises. Out of this number 227 licensed tickets had been issued up to May 12th, and over a hundred of them have been provided with the regulation khaki coats. It is in contemplation to provide each man with a printed list setting forth the rates which have been decided upon, and this introduction will, no doubt, be appreciated by the public. A bicycle stand at the south-west corner of the market has now been provided free of charge, where receipts for the machines which have been deposited are issued by the caretaker in charge.

The Governor-General-in-Council has sanctioned the following admission to the Military Division of the Indian Order of Merit:—For admission to the Third Class of the Order, No. 4144, Rifleman Deosar Thapa, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (the Sirmoor Rifles), for conspicuous gallantry during the operations of the Abor expeditionary force in having on the night of the 3rd-4th December, 1911, while under fire, gone to the assistance of Rifleman Dewan Singh Thapa, who had been wounded and had fallen about fifty feet down the hillside; also in remaining with him until the enemy had been driven off and assistance was forthcoming.

A case came before the Third Judge of the Calcutta Small Cause Court, recently, in which the "Times of India" sued Mr. O. N. Devereux for the sum of Rs. 230 as the balance of an amount due for the tenth edition of the "Encyclopædia Britannica," sold to defendant in 1905 on the instalment system at the rate of Rs. 10 per month. Defendant had paid the instalments regularly till about April, 1909, and stopped. It was contended that the volumes were sold on the understanding that they would never come down in price, but that in 1911 a revised edition had been published at about half the price. At the hearing the defendant put in extracts from an advertisement apparently confirming the defence allegations. His Honour decided against defendant ruling that the advertisement was not a sufficient guarantee, and decreed the suit with costs. His Honour took into consideration that the plaintiff had all along accepted small instalments of Rs. 10 each, and directed that the remaining instalments be paid monthly.

A PAINFUL TRAGEDY.

Fatal Misadventure of Two European Girls.

PROCEEDINGS AT INQUEST.

The Coroner of Bombay, Mr. G. F. Chalk, with a jury, heard a tragic story yesterday, when an inquest was held on the body of a little three-year old girl, Mabel, daughter of Mr. Frank Kimpton.

In the course of his evidence the father said that until last Friday he was living with his wife and children at Watson's Annexe. The deceased began to vomit in the early morning of last Saturday. Dr. F. Underwood advised him that if similar symptoms were present, as in the case of his other child who had died two days previously, she should be removed to the hospital. The witness did remove her to hospital because the symptoms were the same. The child, to whom the witness referred, was aged five years and four months, and it was on account of her death that he had removed to the Hotel Majestic. The deceased (Mabel) was taken to the hospital at 11 a.m. on Saturday and she died at about 11-35 p. m. on Sunday. The first girl that died said she had eaten mangoes that had been given to her. At the request of the witness a 'post-mortem' was held on the body of Mabel by Dr. Baldwin D'Souza, assistant surgeon. He was told that glass was found in her body. A week before, the deceased was at a friend's house and she, along with other children, played with some beads used for chick-making. The pieces of glass shown to the witness looked like the beads, and there was gravel mixed with them. He did not suspect any foul play. He should not like to suggest that the glass had been given to the child to cause her death. The deceased was in the habit of picking up things and putting them into her mouth. His wife and her ayah looked after the deceased. There had been no trouble with the ayah.

Mr. Alfred E. Maber, a friend of Mr. Kimpton's, said he resided at Colaba. The deceased came to his house last Saturday week with her mother and her deceased sister. His wife had been making bead chicks a few days before and some of the beads were lying on the side-board. All the children were playing with the beads. Mrs. Kimpton noticed that the deceased was biting the end of a glass tube. It was like the piece produced. He had looked at the pieces of glass, said to have been found in the stomach of the deceased, and he could say that some of the pieces were like the tube produced. He had also noticed bead chicks hanging over different doors at Watson's Annexe.

The witness, continuing his evidence, said the brother of the deceased, a child eight months old, was also at his house. He never saw the baby near the beads. He had just heard that the baby was at present ill and that he had the same symptoms of the two dead children. The baby was sound the whole time he was at witness's house.

Dr. D'Souza said the child was brought to the hospital suffering from vomiting, purging, pain in the abdomen, great restlessness and fever. She gradually grew worse, never rallied, and died at 11-35 p.m. on Sunday. As the symptoms were very obscure, and the father was anxious to clear up any doubt—one child having died on the 10th of May and returned as a case of cholera—a 'post-mortem' was held and it was discovered that the whole of the intestinal tract was a good deal inflamed. On carefully washing out the intestines, a fair quantity of pieces of coloured glass and gravel were found. He was of opinion that death was due to irritant poisoning (glass). He had under instructions sent pieces of the liver, spleen and intestine to the Director of the Bacteriological Laboratory at Parel for examination. A blood slide was also sent as the child had fever, but on this the report was "negative to malarial fever."

The jury returned a verdict that "death was due to irritant poisoning (glass)." They added that they were of opinion that the deceased took the glass and gravel herself.

A MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

At the morgue, yesterday, Mr. Chalk held an inquest touching the death of a Kunbi woman, name unknown, aged about twenty-five. The body of the deceased was found lying against a compound wall alongside Gowli lane. Her saree was wound once round her neck and was tied with a single knot. Superintendent Paterson, who had the body removed to the Morgue, said nobody had identified the deceased. Both he and the police surgeon, who held a 'post-mortem,' were of opinion that it was a case of suicide by strangulation. The inquiry was adjourned.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Bank of Burma.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I thank you for having published my previous letter in your paper, in response to which people from all parts of India are coming forward to co-operate and register their claims with the Bombay Committee. As, however, sufficient particulars are not sent by the shareholders and depositors, will you be so good as to publish the following for their guidance :—

(1) The shareholders are not to send their original share certificates, but merely to state the number of the certificate and the numbers of the shares.

(2) The depositors are requested not to send in their original receipts or pass books as many people have done, but are requested to give the following particulars only, viz : the name of the branch with which the deposit is made giving the number of deposit receipt, the amount, the date of deposit, the period for which the deposit is made and the rate of interest ; and in cases of current or savings accounts to give their pass book numbers and the ledger folios. As regards the numerous other inquiries that are being made, I have tried to reply to almost all, received from about 200 persons from up-country, but for their general information I beg to request you to insert the following for their information, because the nature of the inquiries are almost the same and the general reply is as follows:—

Mr. Noble left last week for Rangoon, his address being, Merchants' Street. The hearing of the petition has been fixed by the Court of Lower Burma for the 20th of May when an application will be made to the Hon'ble the Chief Court of Lower Burma "inter alia" for the distribution of a first dividend. But as Mr. Holdsworth is himself raising the question of the legality of his own appointment in the Court and it is just possible that the depositors will have to wait patiently till the question raised by Mr. Holdsworth is decided. Mr. Holdsworth also informs me (by his letter dated the 6th instant), that he has sold none of the securities of this Bank in England.—Yours, &c.,

W. T. HALAI,
Hon. Secretary.

Bombay, May 13.

British Indians in South Africa.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—You suggest that discussions on Indian platforms, of the South African Indian question, should take note of the Colonial standpoint. I agree that this is highly desirable. Moreover, it is extraordinarily simple. One has only to read the resolutions of Chambers of Commerce, the petitions of Municipalities, the debates of Provincial Councils and Legislative Assemblies, the constitutions of White Leagues, the history of Transvaal Passive Resistance, and the text of South African anti-Indian legislation during the last quinquennium: to sum it up in a phrase—exclusion of all further Indian immigration, and expulsion of the resident Indian population, if possible. And the only thing that is going to prevent this pleasing consummation—apart from the intelligence, patriotism, and common-sense of a small minority of colonists, who are hardly permitted to call their souls their own—is an emphasised statement of the Imperial and the Indian standpoint. The sooner, therefore, the Colonial standpoint is thoroughly realised in this country, the better for all concerned.—Yours, &c.,

H. S. L. POLAK.

Matheran, May 13.

POLICE COURTS.

BAILIFF AND DEBTOR.

Shipowner Charged with an Assault on a Bailiff.

YESTERDAY afternoon, before Mr. F. Oliviera, at the Mazagon Police Court, Ltaji Tajbhoy, a shipowner and contractor to the P. and O. Company, was charged by Inspector Fuller with assaulting a Small Causes Court bailiff named J. R. Solomon, while the latter was in the execution of his duty.

It was alleged that the proprietors of the "Times of India" had obtained a decree for Rs. 99-14 against the accused. A warrant to arrest the accused in execution of the decree, was given to the bailiff on Monday and he went near the P. and O. Company's docks, Mazagon, with the decree-holders' clerk. The accused, accompanied by two other Borahs, arrived at about 5 in the evening. The complainant then arrested the accused under the warrant, which he said was for Rs. 99-14. The accused left his carriage and asked the complainant to accompany one of his companions to a shop where, he said, the amount would be paid. The complainant declined to do so, saying that, if he were to release the accused once, he could not arrest him again. The accused thereupon, it was further alleged, took out a hundred rupee note and handed it to one Abdul Ali, who, addressing the complainant, said : "Release him and I will pay you the money." The complainant would not agree to this and asked the accused to pay the money himself. The accused is alleged to have then taken back the note from Abdul Ali and handed it over to the complainant after striking him a blow on his face. The matter was reported to the Registrar and the latter referred the complainant to Inspector Fuller. The accused was subsequently arrested and released on bail.

The accused pleaded "not guilty" to the charge and denied the assault. Two witnesses were called on his behalf to prove that the complainant and the decree-holders' clerk abused him. Both witnesses denied that the accused assaulted the complainant.

The hearing was adjourned to enable the defence to lead further evidence.

ANOTHER COCAINE CASE.

Two Hindus Charged at the Mazagon Court.

YESTERDAY, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Inspector Cauty charged two Hindus named Govindji Lalji Devsi and Mavji Jaysing Vaid, with transporting ten ounces and a half of cocaine, valued at Rs. 640, from Bhuleshwar to Grant Road.

Inspector Cauty told the Court that at one o'clock on Monday afternoon, he went to Grant Road and waited outside the station in Slater Road. There he saw a victoria coming towards the station with the two accused in it. It stopped at a tea shop, where the two accused had drinks. They again entered the gharry whereupon he went up to them and enquired where they were going. The first accused replied that he was going to Malad and the second said he was going to Mahim. As there was a box on the seat between them, the witness then questioned them about it and both denied ownership. The second accused said the box belonged to the first accused. As no key was forthcoming the box was forced open in the presence of a panch. and it was found to contain three packets of cocaine and two bottles of potassium of chloride. It was subsequently ascertained that the accused had driven from Bhuleshwar.

After a charge had been framed, the hearing was adjourned to enable the accused to call witnesses.

DISHONEST PUBLICAN.

Rao Bahadhur, Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday disposed of the case in which Ganpat Mahadeo, a bhandari, employed in the liquor-shop of Khan Bahadhur Bhimadiwalla, at Kumbharwada, was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of 300 gallons of country liquor. The accused had been in charge of the shop since April 1911, and when an account was taken in February the liquor was short. He was convicted and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY PICK-POCKETS.

Ramchandar Govind, who had three times previously been convicted of pocket-picking, and twice of theft, was charged before Mr. Kemp yesterday with picking the pocket of Siddick Bucha. A sentence of twelve months' hard labour was inflicted.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time ; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill :—

	HIGH WATER.			LOW WATER.		
Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.		Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	
	h m	ft. in.		h m	ft. in.	
May						
15	m 10 27	27 7	m	3 49	16 2	
	10 15 a	26 10		4 17 a	18 10	
16	m 11 9	28 6	m	4 24	15 3	
	10 55 a	27 2		5 0 a	18 8	
17	m 11 52	22 2	m	5 0	14 6	
	11 36 a	27 3		5 13 a	18 8	

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

May 15 (Wednesday) ,, 6h 5m ,, 7h 6m
,, 16 (Thursday) ,, 6h 4m ,, 7h 6m
,, 17 (Friday) ,, 6h 4m ,, 7h 6m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—New Moon, May 17th, 3h 43-6m. a.m. First Quarter, 23rd, 7h. 41-3m. p.m., Full Moon, 31st 4h. 59-6m. a.m. Last Quarter, June 8th, 8h. 56m. a.m.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL, V. D.

Bombay, 15th May.

314. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for class-firing as follows :—

Thursday 16th instant.—"A" Coy.
Friday 17th inst.—"A" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-50 a. m.
Saturday 18th instant—"C" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-20 a. m.

315. Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "E" Coy :—

No. 7367 Cyclist F. H. Sheridan.
No. 7368 Cyclist A. F. Dixon.

The undernamed having been re-enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "E" Coy :—

No. 6799 Cyclist C. A. S. Templeton.

C. N. MOBERLY, Captain,
Actg. Adjt., B. V. R.

The Waldena golf links near Simla, with a course of nine holes, are now open for the season and are said to be in excellent condition. A good club-house exists on the links, and there is also excellent camping-ground near them for the accommodation of tents for week-ends. Sir T. R. Wynne has taken up the honorary secretaryship this season.

ONE dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, is generally sufficient to bring down fever. It needs but perseverence to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases. SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a Tonic for the heart and will not effect the system, if taken any length of time. Beware of imitations? Of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

THE OPIUM TRADE.

Dr. Rutherford and the Policy of Government.

The opium habit and trade, in the light of the International Convention signed at the Hague, on the 25th January last, was considered at a special conference of the Society for the suppression of the Opium Trade held at Caxton Hall, Westminster, recently. Sir Matthew Dodsworth (president) occupied the chair.

Dr. J. L. Maxwell (chairman of the Representative Board of Anti-Opium Societies) moved a resolution welcoming the agreement of the Powers represented at the International Opium Conference at the Hague as to the necessity for suppressing the manufacture, internal trade, and the use of "prepared opium," and also of limiting the manufacture, sale, and use of medicinal opium, morphine, cocaine, etc., to medical and legitimate use. There was, he said, a tendency to look merely at the disastrous effects accruing from the use of opium. He demurred at any attempts being made to minimise the power of opium as an alleviator of human suffering, urging that they should press for a restriction of the use of opium, in our Crown colonies, for purely medical purposes.

The resolution, which was seconded by Dr. V. H. Rutherford, ex-M.P., was carried unanimously. The latter speaker declared that the Government both here and in India were not up-to-date in scientific knowledge. They should realise, he said, that opium was a serious and a dangerous poison and should be treated as such, just as much in India as in this country.

It was also resolved that the Conference use its best endeavours to secure effective legislation throughout the British Dominions and Protectorates for the suppression of the manufacture, internal trade and use of opium in its illegitimate forms, as defined by the International Opium Conference at the Hague, and for the limitation of the manufacture, sale, and use of this and kindred drugs (such as morphine and cocaine) to medical use under effective control. A resolution urged that, in view of the imminence of the evil that had constantly resulted in the past from endeavours to make revenue out of the trade of opium, the State should on no account allow the public Treasury to benefit by the continuation of this and kindred trades which, except as they contributed to medicinal purposes, must ever be a source of national suffering and loss.

Sir W. J. Collins, M.D., (one of the official British delegates to the Hague Opium Conference), said that the production of opium was appealingly out of proportion to any conceivable legitimate or medicinal use for the drug. Their next step was to see that the Hague Convention was approved and ratified by all the Powers primarily concerned. If all the articles of the Convention were fully put into operation, then the opium smoker, the morphinist, and the cocainist ought to become as rare as the dodo and the apteryx.—(Applause.)

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "Sicilia," May 15.

The following is the list of passengers per Italian mail s. s. "Sicilia," Captain D. Maganzini sailing to-day. Cabin passengers are requested to be present at Prince's Dock, No. A. Shed, at 9-15 p. m. (Standard Time) for the medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port. Deck passengers will have to be present at Prince's Dock New Disinfecting Station at 2-30 p.m. (Standard Time), with their luggage and kit.

Anantan, Rev. Canon.
Ambler, C. T. Mr. and Mrs.
Baer, Miss.
Bettoni, Cav and Mrs.
Boggiano, Mr.
Barattieri, Mr. T.
Bellingham, Mr., Mrs. and inft.
Burder, Rev.
Cherbiari, Mr. A.
Constant, Mrs.
Carlile, Mrs.
Campbell, Capt.
Chandler, Mrs. T.
Civati, Rev.
Clement, Mr.
Costa Lieut. A. V. Mrs. and Miss.
Cooper, Mr. J. C.
Cooper, Mr.
Collins, Mr. C.
Colonello, Mr. L.
Degrossi, Mr. G. and Mrs.
Dewey, Mr. R. W.
Delizy, Mrs. E. G. and child.
Eyres, Mrs. E. C.
Eliacim, Rev.
Eby, Rev. E. O. Mrs. and 3 children.
Fulcher, Miss.
Girdwood, Mr., Mrs. and 2 inf.
Gobbato, Mr.
Holland, Lieut. C.
Hale, Rev. F. W.
Hardcastle, Mr. F. E. and Mrs.
Heywood, Rev. Canon, R. S. and Mrs.
Harris, Mr. E. F.
Hughes, Mr. A. J. Mrs.
Hoogewerf Mrs. F. and 4 children.
Johnson Mr.
King Mr. R. C. and Mrs.
Lorbeer Rev. H. A.
Laurie Mr.
Lawson Lieut.
Lindsay Mr. and Mrs.
Mc Graw Miss B.
Mc Ynerny Mr. A. Mrs. and 2 children.
Meyer Rev. F.
Maghak Mr.
Myine Mr. E.
Neumann Mr. M.
Nikambe Mr.
Owen Mr. A. C.
Oreily Miss.
Parekh Mr. E. B.
Pritchard Mr. L. E.
Pantaky Mr.
Rajesher Singh Mr. Mrs. and child.
Rao, Mr. S. R.
Reporter, Mr. E. E.
Sutton, Mrs. G. R.
Sohsche, Mr. O.
S. Tickell, Mr.
Turner, Mr. and Mrs.
Villany, Mr. and Mrs.
Watson, Mr. E. F.
Uricher, Mr. J.

Per s. s. "Bregenz," May 16.

List of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice via intermediate ports, per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "Bregenz" to-morrow, from the Victoria Dock No. 7. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at the Victoria Dock Shed No. 7 the same day, at 7-45 a.m. sharp. Deck passengers and Native servants must be present at the Port Health Disinfecting Station, Frere Road, near Prince's Dock, with all their luggage and kit, the same day at 6 a.m. sharp.

Abramoff, Mrs. D.
Armytage, Capt. P. D.
Ballauf, Miss E. F. L.
Ballantine, Rev. W. O.
Bamjee, Mrs. J.
Banister, Mr. A.
Beatty Mr. H.
Beck, Mr.
Bouser, Miss M.
Browne, Lt.-Col. E. G.
Buckle, Mr. and Mrs. A. G.
Buegel, Mr.
Cohen, Mr. M.
Cohen, Miss M.
Coyle, Mr. and Mrs. A. H.
Cutler, Mrs.
Denso, Mr. and Mrs. W.
duMaurier, Col. and Mrs. G.
Doctor, Mrs.
Dorno, Miss B.
Hoas, Mrs. G.
Garstin, Lt. R. H.
Gawthorne, Mr. and Mrs. Harry.
Helms, Mr. G.
Heyer, Mr. F.
Hingun, Mr.
Holzhauser, Mr.
James, Miss
Johnson, Mr.
Kharas, Mr. J. F.
King, Mr. and Mrs. W. and infant.
Kropp, Mr.
Maxwell, Major L. L.
Mongini, Mr. and Mrs.
Mongini, Miss
Mylius, Mr. A.
O'Brien, Mr. G. J.
Oldham, Miss M. L.
Ousley, Mr. E. B.
Ousley, Mr. J. G.
Panday, Mr. and Mrs. J. L.
Panday, Miss
Panday, Miss
Panday, Mr. P.
Panday, Master P. J.
Sethi, Miss and maid.
Plinston, Lieut.
Powell, Mr. W.
Prince, Capt. P. E.
Reuss Reuss, Princess E.
Reuss Reuss, Princess R.
Reuss Reuss, Princess S.
Richmond, Mr.
Ritter, Mr. O.
Robertson, Mr. and Mrs
Rogers Ford, Mr. W. H.
Ruggeberg, Mr. and Mrs. and infant.
Sanders, Col. G. L. H.
Sanders, Mr. and Mrs
Schmuck, Mr. A.
Schmuck, Miss
Shortland, Mr and Mrs C. V. N.
Sills, Mr. W.
Somerset, Mrs. C. W.
Swayne, Mrs. H. J. C.
Szepukat, Miss.
Tabbash, Mr. S. E.
Thianich, Capt.
White, Mr. M.
Williams, Miss J. M. B.
Windgens, Mr.
Wise, Mr. G. M.
Whyte, Col. C. W. F.
White, Capt. W. B.
Young, Mr. W. E.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street London. Established over 35 years.

MAIL NOTES.

TIGHT SKIRTS.

Dr. Karl Francke, the eminent Munich physician, advances the theory that modern dress styles, especially the close-fitting skirt, are ruining the feminine figure. The garment for which the Kaiser expressed his particular admiration in conversation with the Parisian actress, Mme. Provost, in Berlin a few weeks ago is, according to Dr. Francke, not only stunting development of the form, but is also producing a race of "knock-kneed women." Women's limbs, he declares, will only be and remain straight if the muscles are given regular and unrestricted exercise. This is possible only through wearing wide skirts. "The time must come," Dr. Francke writes in the "Munich Medical Weekly," "when it will be a crime to wear tight skirts."

THREATENED WASP PLAGUE.

A wasp plague is threatened in England. Queen wasps, dreaded by gardeners, are more in evidence this spring, both in England and France, than for many seasons past. Left alone they found huge colonies of wasps, which do a great deal of damage during July and August, in addition to making themselves in other ways objectionable to most people. Just now, writes a correspondent, no opportunity should be lost of destroying the queens, and so mitigating the possibility of a plague. A sharp look-out should be kept on sunny mornings for they can easily be caught in the open with a butterfly net, while all likely corners in greenhouses and potting sheds should be carefully searched. Bottles, half-filled with beer and sugar, may also be hung out in likely places as traps. Many flower show committees now offer prizes for the greatest number of queen wasps killed by any individual each spring, and it would be a good thing if the practice was more widely followed. Last year wasps' nests were very plentiful, and the mildness of winter and spring has accounted for the unusual number of survivors.

NEW LONDON GARDEN.

The Office of Works are contemplating a new public garden by the riverside at Westminster which will connect with the gardens by the Victoria Tower, and would occupy all the piece of waste ground recently laid bare between this point and Lambeth Bridge. A stretch of granite embankment —now almost finished—is being built, enclosing a space some 500 yards long, and fifty to 100 yards wide. If the whole of this site is laid out with trees, walks, and flower beds, it will make a really fine addition to our public gardens. The site is admirably adapted for a riverside park, though the Thames at this point has not, perhaps, quite the fascination of the lower reaches by the pool and Limehouse. The view looking down stream is splendid, with the grey façade of Somerset House showing up in the distance, while across the stream the warm, dark red walls of Lambeth Palace are veiled behind a delicate tracery of foliage. There is a very large and very poor working-class population in Westminster—mostly hidden away in the area between the Millbank and the Vauxhall Bridgeroad —who are badly in need of a new "lung." At present the Victoria Tower Garden is their only open space anywhere near at hand, and that is far too small, besides being badly laid out.

CLUMBER HOUSE FIRE.

Clumber House, the historic seat of the Duke of Newcastle, and one of the most palatial mansions in the "Dukeries," was severely damaged by an outbreak of fire on April 25. Assistance was summoned from Retford, Worksop, Welbeck, and Sheffield, and hundreds of people in the district hurried to render what assistance they could. The fire, the cause of which is at present unknown, was confined entirely to the domestic wing of the house. It occurred in the north wing, in the roof, and spread down to the attics below. The scores of helpers, led by the Duke of Portland, assisted in removing valuable pictures and furniture from the other portions of the house. These were all carried out to the north lawn. Within an hour the fire was completely subdued. The damage, which was mainly caused by water, is estimated at about £10,000. The roof will have to be completely rebuilt. The last fire at Clumber was in March, 1879, when damage to the extent of nearly £50,000 was done and many valuable heirlooms were destroyed.

END OF "HALF-TIMERS."

The House of Commons, this afternoon, passed the second reading of a Bill which provides that no child under the age of thirteen shall leave school, and that any child who leaves between thirteen and fourteen shall enter some beneficial employment. The decision as to the latter point is to be left with the local education authority. Mr. Walter Rea, who proposed the second reading, said the effect would be practically to put an end to the half-time system of employment in the textile districts of Lancashire and Yorkshire—a system under which a child on reaching the age of twelve is allowed to work in a factory half a day, and go to school half a day. The Bill was seconded by Mr. Barnes, a Labour member. Mr. Gill, Lacour member for Bolton, was against the Bill. He spoke specially for the textile works of Lancashire. Mr. Trevelyan gave the Government benediction to the Bill. It was passed by 176 votes to 52.

REFUGEES IN CAGES.

The Jewish quarter at Fez suffered particularly severely in the recent disturbances. The correspondent of the "Matin" describes how many of the homeless Jews found temporary lodgings in the empty cages of the Sultan's menagerie. The great cages form the four sides of a large courtyard, and about half of them, which were empty, were turned to good use by the Moorish authorities, who permitted some of the hundreds of homeless and starving Jews to take shelter in them. Next to a cage containing two magnificent African lions, Jewish mothers were to be seen nursing their babies or preparing a scanty midday meal. On the other side of the square a pair of leopards were observed trying to climb the bars, while several little children were amusing themselves by passing their heads through the bars of the next cage. The French military authorities have given out a quantity of canvas for the construction of tents, and are also endeavouring to arrange a provisional commissariat service as a great number of the homeless Jews are starving, all their money and provisions having been either stolen or destroyed by the looters. The main street of the Jewish quarter is a heap of smoking ruins. Not a living soul is to be seen in the streets where, a few days ago, some twelve thousands Jews were living.

DAYLIGHT AND TEMPERAMENT.

Even in the most beautiful parts of Wales, there is at time a lack of sunlight, which has its effect on the temperament of the inhabitants. The current number of "The Medical Officer" has the following paragraph bearing on the subject:—Dr. W. J. Lewis, medical officer of health for the Pontardawe Rural District, writing of one of the constituent villages, Ystalyfera, states that the Swansea Valley in that part is very narrow, and the boundary hills on either side reach a height of 900ft. above the level of the river bed. Owing to the morning and evening shadows cast by these hills the inhabitants are deprived in the course of a year of at least 720 hours of direct sunlight—the equivalent of 60 days each of 12 hours' duration. "No doubt," writes Dr. Lewis, the two months' deprivation of sunlight and the contraction of the horizon have a profound though subtle effect upon the mental and physical vigour, as well as on the temperament, of the people and probably in a measure account for the absence either of individual or collective attempts to improve the appearance and preserve and develop the natural beauties of the place." Dr. Lewis adds that the village is the despair of some of the councillors, and the only remedy he can suggest is the desperate one of "blowing it up."

OPERA WITHOUT SINGERS.

A remarkable theatrical innovation, which it is prophesied may have a revolutionary effect in popularising opera, has been introduced to a specially invited audience of theatrical and musical critics, actors, actresses, and opera singers at the Vaudeville Theatre in Paris. Verdi's opera "Il Trovatore" was given in full, with mute actors, actresses, and chorus, a phonograph placed in the prompter's box on the stage supplying the voices of the singers and chorus, as well as the orchestral accompaniment. The large stage of the Vaudeville was set for the opera, the curtain being lowered and the scenery duly changed at the end of each act. The principals and chorus, who had nothing to do but to imitate the action of singing in time to the notes issuing forth from the phonograph, were costumed and made-up exactly as if the opera was being played under normal conditions. The audience, however, was able to hear Verdi's music rendered by a star cast, for the part of Munrico was sung (per phonograph) by M. Fontaine, the well-known tenor of the Paris Opera, whilst the voice of M. Note, the Opera baritone, was heard in the role of the Count di Luna.

BOTTOMLEY LIBEL CASE.

One Farthing Damages for to Bookmaker.

"SHARKS OF USURY."

A farthing damages for libel were awarded by a special jury in Mr. Justice Darling's court to Mr. Arthur George Whiteman, a bookmaker, who carried on business in Seven Sisters-road, the defendants being John Bull (Limited), and its editor, Mr. Horatio Bottomley. The libel complained of was contained in an answer to a correspondent, Mr. T. George, and read as follows :—

T. G. (Upper Tulse Hill) complains of having been welshed by George White, of 229, Seven Sisters-road, but this man has already been sufficiently exposed. Isn't he connected with Seymour and Whiteman, the bloodsuckers?

Sir Frederick Low, K.C., in opening the case for the plaintiff, said that Mr. Whitemen had for many years carried on the business of a money-lender and also that of a bookmaker. The business he owned as a bookmaker was carried on under the name of George White, and the charge made against him by the defendants was that in his business he had been guilty of "welshing." No more serious charge could be brought against a betting man than to say he took a person's money and afterwards did not pay when the horse won. In August, 1910, a Mr. T. George wrote to Mr. Whiteman for a book of rules. The bookmaker replied, enclosing the book, and agreeing to give a daily credit of 40s. He added that "it must be distinctly understood that each day's losses must be remitted every night before any further commission can be executed, unless it is a small amount and that sum can be carried forward to the next day's business." The parties began betting, and between August and November, a considerable amount of business was done. The practice at first seemed to have been that of following strictly the arrangement as to settling daily, but after a time there was no doubt that accounts were rendered weekly. At no time, however, was any fresh arrangement made, though on occasions Mr. George had been allowed a more liberal amount of credit than he was strictly entitled to.

On November 10, Mr. Whiteman complained that Mr. George was not carrying out the rules. On November 11, Mr. George sent a telegram asking the bookmaker to "put £1 each way" on a horse named Highness, which was a pretty long odds. That bet was not accepted. If it had been it would have resulted in a win for Mr. George of about £18. Mr. George complained that that bet ought to have been accepted, and that he ought to have been credited with the winnings. The plaintiff wrote Mr. George on November 13, as follows:—

You are certainly not entitled to draw, as you did not conform to the rules; but as you seem to think I am treating you with injustice, I am quite willing to have the matter submitted to Tattersall's for arbitration, and will abide by the decision they give. At the same time, I must protest against outside interference and annoyance by any third party.

Mr. George wrote to "John Bull" the next day complaining that the plaintiff had welshed him, and without inquiring for any statement from the plaintiff "John Bull" published in January 18, under the heading of "'John Bull's' Letter Bag," the libel complained of.

PLAINTIFF'S EVIDENCE.

The plaintiff gave evidence in support of his case. He commenced to carry on business as a bookmaker about two years ago under the name of George White. He discontinued that business from January 21, 1911. On November 10, 1910, Mr. George had lost £3 15s. 8d., which was in excess of the 40s. credit allowed him by the rules agreed to. The next day Mr. George sent the following telegram in code :—"Highness 30s. to win; Sprightly 10s. to win, and 10s. one, two, three, or Highness and Sprightly 5s. double. All business start from now. (Signed) Gunpowder."

His lordship, referring to the code words used for sending this telegram, said : I suppose the Postmaster-General does not know what this means? The State is supposed to discredit betting and it makes a profit out of it.

Mr. Bottomley said that the Post Office had the telegraphic addresses of the bookmakers, and that he should know all about that matter. On more than one occasion he (Mr. Bottomley) had suggested in the House—

Sir Frederick Low.—We are not in the House now (laughter).

His lordship.—It is very interesting. It shows Mr. Bottomley knows more about it than I thought.

The witness said that he did not accept the bet and put the money on, as he considered Mr. George was not abiding by their arrangement, that the credit should be limited to £2. When Mr. George insisted that the bet ought to have been accepted, and that he was entitled to £12 odd, the witness offered to refer the matter to Tattersalls. The next he heard of the matter was the publication in "John Bull" of the statement complained of.

The witness denied that he was connected with Seymour and Whiteman after 1908. He could not say whether other papers had described that firm as bloodsuckers, but he knew that "Truth" had printed some articles about them. He admitted that he had been in partnership with his brother and his father as moneylenders.

Was not the essence of your system that you kept on changing the names under which you had carried on business as partners?—Certainly not. An injunction was obtained by Messrs. Cox and Co., the bankers, against the firm using the name Cox and Co., and they changed it to Hill and Co.

"SHARKS OF USURY."

Mr. Werthimer read several extracts from criticisms made in "Truth." One of them described William Herbert Whiteman and Herbert George Whiteman as "sharks of usury."

The witness said that he had tried to get his brother to take action against "Truth," but he would not agree, and as the witness was in partnership with him he could not take proceedings.

Other extracts from "Truth" were quoted by counsel, one of which accused the witness and his brother of blackmail.

The witness could not say why his brother would not take another action against "Truth."

Mr. Werthimer.—Possibly he has got a thick hide? (laughter).—I cannot say.

The witness said that the term bloodsuckers, as applied to the business with which he was connected, was absolutely untrue. Never previously had he been charged with welshing. He resigned and was not expelled from the Turf Guardian Society. The reason he did so was because he was not satisfied with a decision of the society respecting a dispute he had with a client. He wanted the matter to go to Tattersall's. There were twelve bookmakers on the committee of the Turf Guardian Society. In Tattersall's they had respectable people (laughter).

You are slandering yourself by that innuendo. You are a bookmaker yourself (laughter).—They are not bookmakers who sit on the committee at Tattersall's; they are noblemen.

Mr. Bottomley.—He wished to be tried by Peers (laughter).

His lordship—He does not wish to be tried by his peers (laughter).

The witness admitted that on the top of his notepaper had appeared the words "The coming premier turf accountant; vide the Press. Mr. Sievier in the "Winning Post" had stated that if a client had £10 or £10,000 to come he could rely on getting it from the witness.

Mr. Thomas George called for the defence, said that he was a commercial traveller. For five months he had had transactions with the plaintiff. The agreement was for a £2 daily limit. From the first he received weekly accounts. He sent to the "Sportsman" and twelve other papers a similar letter to that which he sent to "John Bull." Nine of the papers took notice of the letter. The "Sportsman" said :—"The advertisement has been stopped some weeks. You invite us to print a libel."

Mr. Bottomley then addressed the jury. He said that the action was brought by a man who had sat silently under the imputation of being a blackmailer and notorious blood sucker for years. When a man came before a jury clothed in such an atmosphere as that he was looked upon with great suspicion. It would be an outrage upon justice to award the plaintiff a farthing.

Without leaving the box the jury found for Mr. Whiteman, awarding him a farthing damages. Judgment was entered accordingly, his lordship making no order as to costs.

INDIAN NOTES AND NEWS.

OUR CORRIDOR-TRAINS.

We, the "Pioneer", have been receiving of late a large number of letters on the subject of corridor-trains in India, and there seems to be but one opinion among all the writers of these letters, and that is that carriages of the pattern, which obtain in Europe and America, are quite unsuited to the conditions of travelling in this country, more especially in the hot weather. The heat and discomfort, that have to be put up with, everyone agrees are extreme ; while the cramped space in the small compartments adds to the misery of long journeys, when high temperatures are the rule. In some of the corridor-trains, that are already running, the lavatory accommodation appears to be also insufficient, and no one has a good word to say for the new carriages. The Railway Board cannot afford to disregard the feeling among the travelling public on this subject, and they should certainly not follow the lead given by some of the company lines. Roomy carriages with good ventilation in the compartments are what are required in India. The East Indian Railway has a type of 1st class carriage which meets all requirements, and if this standard were generally adopted, no complaints would be heard. It is to be hoped that the introduction of corridor-trains on lines worked by the State will never be sanctioned, after the protests that have been made in respect of their appearance on some of the great routes leading to Bombay.

A BOOK ON INDIA.

The Government have the right, says the Lahore "Tribune," of interdicting any publication which is reasonably considered harmful to the interests of the State. Besides seditious and other really objectionable publications, books dealing with authentic historical facts or political incidents have been proscribed. But is not also the duty of the Government to proscribe books, which greatly offended the public or a section of the public? One such book is "India under British Rule" by J. Talboys Wheeler. The books as it would appear from its title, is supposed to be a history of India under British Rule. Whatever theories the historian may like to expound he must adhere to historical facts. But, how far this has been done in Mr. Wheeler's book, will be judged by some statements, which relate to the history of the Punjab. We are told "Guru Gobind was taken prisoner by the Moghuls and executed." Again, "An infant, named Dhuleep Singh, said to be the son of Runjeet Singh, was the nominal sovereign; but the Queen-Mother, a woman of low origin, and her minister and paramour, were the rulers of the country." What baser calumny and wilful misrepresentation of facts can be conceived? Nevertheless, Mr. Wheeler's book is in circulation and no attempt has been made to withdraw or correct it.

POLITICAL PRISONERS.

"That the political prisoners, who are certainly not felons or miscreants like the dacoits and other jail birds, and who are no doubt men of sterling character, honoured and respected by everyone in the society, who would not have suffered the misfortunes had it not been for their opinions, should be treated as first class misdemeanants is an accepted theory all over the civilised world in the code of reformation by imprisonment." Thus the "Indian Empire" delivers itself. "But, however, in India the case is not on all fours with other countries and political prisoners here are given over to the severest form of punishment by jail authorities. It is a common belief in this country, and this has been corroborated by many time-expired convicts that the prisoners in the Andamans receive more sympathetic and considerate treatment there than their fellow-convicts in Indian jails. But the hard lots of the political prisoners do not leave them even in the Andamans. In jail there are various kinds of work to do, the most difficult being the oil mill whether by hand or by foot. Four men are tied to the mill and they have to go round and round a centre-post just as bullocks do. They have to press out 30 pounds of oil during the day and this is oil-mill worked by foot. In the oil-mill worked by hand you have to turn a handle round and round during the whole day and thus press out about 30 pounds of oil. Chopping cocoanut bark is another species of work."

BENGAL SILK INDUS

MAIL NEWS IN BRIEF.

Farmers in Kent are badly in need of rain for the pea and strawberry crops.

It is suggested that Staines Moor should be converted into a golf course.

Owing to the heat the City and Metropolitan police discarded their overcoats on April 30th.

Finchley District Council has made a rate of 8s. 4d. in the pound for the year, which is the lowest on record.

It was stated at Leeds that the gross tramway profits for the year were £197,806 and the net surplus £61,163.

A tulip with four distinct blooms on one stem was to be seen in the gardens at Hampton Court Palace recently.

After restoration the ancient market cross at Malmesbury has been unveiled by the Countess of Suffolk.

It is proposed to place a clock in the tower of the church at Great Wakering, Essex, as a Coronation memorial.

Preparations are being made for a great processional pageant in connection with the celebration of the Dunmow Flitch.

As a memorial to the late Lord Cawdor, members of the family are to build a wing to the Nairn Town and County Hospital.

Two donkeys attacked some sheep in a field at Aylestone, near Leicester, and injured some of them so badly that they had to be slaughtered.

King Victor Emmanuel has given £4,000 to the fund for the provision of an Italian fleet of aeroplanes. The fund now exceeds £40,000.

Judgment was given by the president of the court at Massdorp, South Africa, establishing the right of women to practise as attorneys.

In a Huthwaite (Mansfield) schoolhouse garden a font 250 years old has been found. It was originally installed in Tibshelf Parish Church.

At the request of the Surrey County Council, the County Archæological Society is preparing a schedule of all important Surrey antiquities.

According to news received in Lisbon, the entire colony of Timor is in revolt, and the rising has spread to the Dutch enclave.

Fifty years' ministry has just been completed by the Rev. Thomas Graham, who for the past 18 years has been vicar of Southborough (Kent).

Mr. Foster Fraser, the prospective Unionist candidate for Lincoln, met with a great reception when he kicked off at the Lincoln and Liverpool football match.

At the morning service on a recent Sunday in the chapel at the Achilleion, the German Emperor's palace in Corfu, the sermon was preached by his Majesty.

Marylebone Borough Council has decided to form at Bakerstreet, close to the Metropolitan Railway, a circus similar to those at Piccadilly and Oxford-street.

In his annual report to the King's Lynn guardians, the vaccination officer states that the town has the highest percentage of vaccination exemptions in the United Kingdom.

Insurance companies, said Mr. J. M. Henderson, M. P., at an hotel meeting will not grant policies on account of losses by people taking wrong coats or umbrellas.

Tar painting of the main roads in Kent to prevent the dust nuisance has proved so successful that during the coming summer the majority of the by-roads are to be similarly treated.

Work has begun in the West India Docks on the improvements by the Port of London Authority, which will eventually embrace all the docks in the Thames from Tilbury to London Docks.

From the Rhyl Welsh Wesleyan quarterly meeting a strong protest has been sent to the War Office against the department's encouragement of Sunday rifle practice among Territorials.

A new python from the East Indies has been presented to the Zoo by Mr. Rowland Ward, the naturalist. It is estimated to be 22ft., almost as large as the great python—the largest in captivity—which recently died.

Gamma, the Army airship, flew from South Farnborough (Hampshire) to Haywards Heath (Sussex) under the charge of Captain Broke Smith, chief instructor of the Royal Flying Corps.

At Gillingham (Kent) the smoking of herbal cigarettes in the public thoroughfares has become common among boys, and the Education Committee is taking steps to stop the practice.

Joseph Griffon, a Swiss cheese maker, aged 63, was mixing a boiling decoction of cheese at Chapelle, near Pontarlier, when he fell into the boiler. He was found dead ten hours later.

Dresden is preparing for celebrating on a grand scale the centenary of Wagner's birthday on May 22, 1913. There will be a performance of the "Nibelungen Ring" and a memorial will be unveiled.

An application has been made by the Speaker of the House of Commons to the Norwich Consistory Court for a faculty to place in the parish church of Campsea Ash a stained-glass window to the memory of his father.

At the City of Sheffield Education Committee yesterday it was stated that owing to the coal strike 5,620 children were on the free meals lists at the schools, and from March 18 to April 15 99,772 were supplied at an average cost of 1-1-2d. each.

Eight gentlemen whose names commenced with the letter B were summoned to serve on a jury at Bow County Court one day recently, and on the application of counsel were immediately dismissed with a shilling each for a minute's stay in the box.

At the spring assembly of the Baptist Union, opened at the Bloomsbury Central Church, the Rev. J. H. Shakespeare said that, so far as membership was concerned, they found themselves practically stationary at the close of another year.

Owing to damage done by recent high tides to the beach at Ferryside, near Llanelly, the sea wall of the Great Western Railway and the lifeboat house are threatened. At a conference, it was decided to build a wall to check further encroachment.

False coining in Portugal has received a check by the discovery at Oporto of a manufactory. The principal counterfeiter, a goldsmith named Antoine Correia Gamma, was arrested, together with his father and three brothers, and has confessed.

A plant of the royal water lily Victoria Regia has been offered by the Royal Botanic Society for exhibition at the International Horticultural Exhibition at Chelsea on May 22. For rose and carnations the society offers four large gold and silver medals.

On April 1, states the official return, the strength of the Territorial Force was 9,382 officers and 269,173 non-commissioned officers and men, the latter being only twelve short of the highest total previously attained. In the first quarter of 1912 there were 21,877 recruits.

The first catch of mackerel by seine nets for the season made from the Chesil Beach at Portland numbered 460, which is easily a record number. Following an ancient custom, the first fish taken out of the net was brought in to Portland, exhibited at the inn used by the fishermen for making up their accounts and sharing the profits, and then despatched by messenger to the firm of brewers who own the house—in this case Messrs. Devenish, of Weymouth. It is an unwritten law that the brewers shall return the compliment in a liquid shape, a "flagon" (fifteen quarts) of beer being shared amongst the crew who landed the fish.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

Critics in this country have always looked askance upon volumes that furnished gossip about literary people, and even such a book as "Tennyson and His Friends" was condemned by one of the weeklies as catering to an undue appetite upon the part of the reading public for information about the private life of illustrious authors. If such an appetite exists in this country it is not, at any rate, so abundantly fed as it is across the Atlantic. There biographical, and especially autobiographical, information, the more detailed the better, has always been recognised as one of the best forms of advertisement, and has always been sure of a welcome. Within the last few years, however some of the publishers have been taking the curious step of applying to their more popular British authors for autobiographies, and these they print in pamphlet form for circulation gratis among their readers. Mr. Galsworthy was applied to, and, although he seems to have had qualms about the autobiographical form, he yet furnished material enough to enable his publishers to issue a booklet which traces his life and development, and contains, "largely in his own words," a fuller explanation of his purpose than has probably been printed elsewhere. Mr. Oppenheim does not shirk the autobiography, and if there is in either hemisphere anyone who is interested in the personality of Mr. E. Phillips Oppenheim, he may have, on application to his American publishers, the writer's story of his own career in the form of a pamphlet enriched with "pictures of Mr. Oppenheim and his family, his English home, illustrations from his recent books, &c." Some of the magazines follow a similar practice. Thus one who takes up a copy of the "Forum" finds, prefixed to the usual assortment of excellent articles, a page or two of summaries of the lives of the writers of them, furnished often by the writers themselves. In the case of writers of fiction this practice is generally futile, but it is interesting to learn from the current issue that the author of the short story "The Mask," which attracted some attention in the January number of the "English Review," is a grandchild of that sister of Tennyson's who was to have married Arthur Hallam.

From the magazines to the newspapers is no long step, and in the latter there is no lack of paragraphs that give trivial information about inconspicuous men of letters—that tell us, for example, that "Mr. So-and-So, the author of the famous novel 'Such-and-Such', is on the eve of leaving for California, where he will collect local colour for his next work," or that "Mr. This-and-That, the gifted author of 'The Other Thing,' having always had a fancy for the cultivation of flowers and vegetables, has resolved to leave the town where he has hitherto dwelt and to live the simple life in a suburban villa." We know something about such paragraphs on this side also, but a writer, discussing them in the New York "Bookman," tells us that most of the publishing houses keep a "bright young man" for the purpose of collecting such information and distributing it among the newspapers; he is young "because his salary is consistent only with thankfulness and hope," and bright "because his duties demand brightness." The writer in question thinks that the existence of such paragraphs is due to a series of misapprehensions. The publishers issue them under the mistaken apprehension that their authors like them; the newspapers print them under the mistaken apprehension that the publishers like them and will recompense them with advertisements; while the authors put up with them under the mistaken apprehension that they are a necessary part of the game. One may submit, however, as an alternative theory, that the publishers like them, because they advertise their books; the newspapers like them because they interest their readers; and, finally the authors like them because, as human beings, they would rather be talked about than not.

The fact that Mr. Padraic Colum's play "The Desert" was passing from manager to manager in 1908, and that there are striking resemblances between it and "Kismet," which was produced in 1911, have set Mr. Colum upon telepathy as an explanation. That, at any rate, such resemblances can often be explained without the introduction of the ugly word "plagiarism" is well known, and one of the most striking instances is the experience of Mr. Howells, while editor of the "Atlantic Monthly," to which allusion was made in this column the other day. That two writers, working independently, should hit upon the same idea and embody it in works of fiction so much alike that one of the two must needs be suppressed, that they should do so at the same time, and that the one writer should send his work to the magazine of which the other was editor make up a series of coincidences of a very remarkable sort. Unconscious memory sometimes explains resemblances, as a story in the recent Harper volume shows. A prominent writer brought to the Harpers a story of his which he thought particularly good. The publisher found a story exceedingly like it in a back volume of "St. Nicholas," and pointed it out to be author. The latter was not in the way of taking in "St. Nicholas" but found that at the time the serial appeared certain nieces of his were visiting his children. They played about his study while he painted and would frequently have stories read aloud to them by their mother.

Much of the newspaper correspondence that has recently taken place in various parts of the country on the subject of cinematograph shows is calculated to leave on the mind of a reader the impression that those entertainments are to be regarded merely as amusements for children. They are often of much interest, however, to those concerned with literature. Thus even in remote country towns it is possible to get some idea of the art of such actors as Treé, Bourchier, Mme Rejane, and Mme. Bernhardt. Moreover, it is something to sit of an afternoon in the cool dusk of the picture-house and watch scene after scene of the Odyssey passing before one, selected by so good a dramatic critic and classical scholar as M. Lemaitre; or to follow the story of Tasso's "Jerusalem Delivered," or to see an adaptation of "Cyrano de Bergerac." The Italian films are often of peculiar interest and one, a version of "Romeo and Juliet," is for two reasons remarkable. For one thing, the scenery is really Italian. There are interiors and exteriors of an Italian palazzo; there are Italian gateways and Italian courtyards. The balcony scene takes place on an Italian balcony. It does not improve upon the ordinary stage representations, but it helps one to conceive how Maeterlinck's practice of the "Theatre itinerant" must work out. Again, the version embodies what is, perhaps, the one point in which Garrick emended Shakspere.

Everyone who is interested in literature is interested in the study of words, and Mr. Weekley's "The Romance of Words" will prove a source of joy to many readers. For the average man it will contain many disillusions and surprises. Thus, the noun "mangle" has nothing to do with the verb "to mangle," but is the same word as "mangonel," which is the French, as the other is the Dutch, form of the Greek "Mangaoon." "Huzzar" is the same word as "corsair," both coming from the vulgar Latin "cursarius" through the Servian. "Glamour" is the same word as "grammar" (the change of "r" to "l" being paralleled by the change of "frounce" into "flounce"), and meant, to begin with, much the same thing—compare "grammarye." "Syrup," "sherbet," and (rum) "shrub" all come from the same Arab word, the last two directly, the first through the Spanish and French. "Cipher" and "zero" are doublets, and proceed from the Latin "zephyrum." Similarly "turban" and "tulip" are identical in origin, the French "tulipe" having been formerly "tulipan."

A great many volumes have been written about the character and career of the Marquis of Dalhousie, the greatest of British Governors-General, the centenary of whose birth occurs to-day; but so far almost nothing has been done towards the editing of his papers. By a solemnly worded codicil to his will, Dalhousie forbade the publication of his private papers until fifty years after his death. That period expired in 1910, in which year Blackwoods issued a single volume of Letters, all addressed to one correspondent and full of piquant material. The Life, by Sir William Lee-Warner (1904), draws chiefly upon official despatches and minutes. But the huge mass of Dalhousie documents has been hardly broken in upon. The most exact, laborious, and orderly of Pro-Consuls, Dalhousie was also a man with an extraordinary gift of expression. His correspondence was all arranged and indited by himself. His Indian minutes, apart from official correspondence, fill thirty-five volumes; there are twenty-nine volumes of miscellaneous letters: in all the letters and papers actually arranged fill 113 volumes. And in addition there is a private Diary, kept almost without intermission from boyhood to the day of the Governor-General's departure from India.

PRACTICAL ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mothers who are anxious about the artificial feeding of their infants need worry no more.

There is no longer any doubt as to what is the best thing for babies, next to human milk.

A new food element has been discovered which is actually the vital part of mother's milk.

Babies thrive on it as perfectly as if they were breast-fed.

The scientific name of this substance is *soluble milk-albumin*.

When mixed with diluted animal milk—such as cow's milk, buffalo's milk, or goat's milk—it is the same as healthy mother's milk, both in nourishing power and digestibility.

It is being produced on a large scale, and is now obtainable under the name of Albulactin.

AS NOURISHING AS MOTHER'S MILK.

Enthusiastic letters are pouring in every day from doctors and parents who have used it.

The British Medical Journal, the official organ of the British Medical Association, says: "Albulactin has been used extensively for many months past at the large children's hospitals in London, and an English physician of high repute speaks very definitely of the value of Albulactin as a result of practical tests . . .

"Reports indicate that by the use of Albulactin the milk-albumin contents of diluted milk could be made identical with mother's milk."

It is this identity with human milk which makes Albulactin so much better for babies than any other food.

They get from Albulactin-treated animal milk about six times more of that vital body-building nourishment which Nature herself has provided for their growth, health and strength.

AS DIGESTIBLE AS MOTHER'S MILK.

Infants fed on Albulactin-treated milk never have wind, vomiting, diarrhœa or other digestive troubles produced by other methods of feeding.

Mrs. Hart, 10, Cantonments, Amritsar, Punjab, writes: "Your Albulactin is truly wonderful. My little son constantly suffered from digestive troubles and diarrhœa, causing me no little anxiety. On reading your pamphlet I was so interested that I decided to give Albulactin a trial. You will hardly believe me when I say that his weight perceptibly increased from the outset at the rate of 1 lb. per week while Albulactin was given. At seven months he turned the scale at 17 lbs., thus exceeding your chart weight by ½-lb. My little son is now happy and contented. He is neither fat nor flabby, but, on the other hand, finely developed. I am exceedingly grateful for all Albulactin has done, and am recommending it to my friends."

SEND FOR A FREE BOOK.

Every mother who cannot feed her baby should at once buy a bottle of Albulactin, which is sold at all Chemists and Bazaars. She should also write, mentioning this paper, for a Free Guide to infant feeding and management, to Messrs. A. Wulfing & Co. (of London), P.O. Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*

To be taken on a lump of sugar.

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras.* — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in *Bombay.*
DUMOULIN & Co., Agents in *Pondichéry.*

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,
(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,
CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.
MAKERS OF
PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.
WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.
CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION)

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is protected "under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and "proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other "imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WEAKNESS, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES.

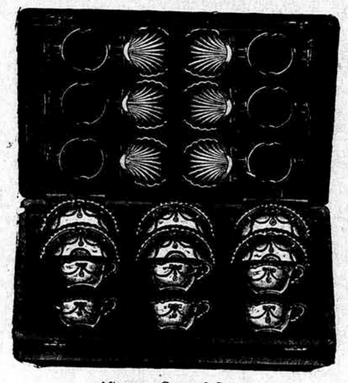
Smelling Salts Rs. 9-8 and Rs. 13 Cash Rs. 8-8 and Rs. 11-12.

Dessert or Fruit Dish Rs. 140. Cash Rs. 126.

Stamp Damper Rs. 6.

Puff Jar Engraved glass 3¼in. Rs. 13. Cash Rs. 11-12. 3½ in Rs. 17. Cash Rs. 15-4.

Pair Muffincers in case Rs. 40. Cash Rs. 36.

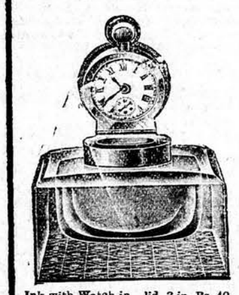


Afternoon Cup and Saucers. Sterling Silver mounted China case complete Rs. 210. Cash Rs. 189.

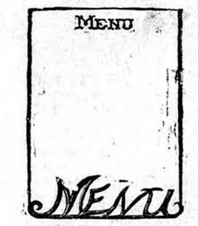
Engraved Glass Silver mounted Scent bottles different designs Rs. 24. Cash Rs. 21-8 4in. 28. Cash Rs. 25-4.

Sterling Silver Jewel Casket 4½×3×3 Rs. 90. Cash Rs. 81.

Case of 4 Salts Rs. 70. Cash Rs. 63.
" 2 " " 35-8 " 32



Ink with Watch in lid 3 in. Rs. 40. Cash Rs. 36. 3½in. Rs. 46 Cash Rs. 41-8.



Menu Card holders Rs. 10. Cash Rs. 9.

MARCKS & Co., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

VETAR-ZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste of overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

Agents for India:—TREACHER & Co., Ltd., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and Poona.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

"The Soap for India."
Good for PRICKLY HEAT
Wards off INSECT BITES,
and there is nothing more refreshing than a bath with
WRIGHT'S
COAL TAR SOAP
Proprietors: WRIGHT, LAYMAN & UMNEY, Ltd., LONDON.
To be obtained from all Chemists and Stores, and Wholesale from:—
KATRAK and Co.,
KATRAK'S Buildings, KARACHI.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'
A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR
All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.
ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.
CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT': otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*
Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., By J. C. ENO'S Patent.
Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

Stephens' Inks
Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons
for Typewriters.

Established over a Century.
GOLD & CO.,
Birmingham, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES
Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1875.

Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chunkia, No. 6.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.

Watch and Clock Specialists,

31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.

Nickel Silver case.

Rs 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shewn exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 Months.

"HARD TIMES."

NECESSITATE that you secure your jewels and valuables against Thieves and Robbers. This you can only do if you buy HARICHAND SAFES. They have withstood the tools and hammers of the Robbers and the keys of thieves and possess Reputation of over a Generation.

Approved and used by the Government, as well as Banks, merchant-firms and all the best people of India. Remember our

FIRE PROOF SAFES

have stood the greatest Fires and remained intact.

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

131, GULALWADI, NO. 4, BOMBAY.

Your Skin

Will be made and kept soft, smooth and beautifully clear by the daily use of that elegant balm—

"'Hazeline'

(TRADE MARK)

Snow"

It soothes all irritations, charms away all roughness and imparts the healthy tone which is so much admired.

Obtainable of all Druggists

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & Co., LONDON

NEW YORK MONTREAL SYDNEY CAPE TOWN MILAN SHANGHAI BUENOS AIRES

FF 356 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

SCRUBB'S AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO.. (INDIA) LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,

FORT,

BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

"SHELL" MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

SHELL' MEANS SATISFACTION

"SHELL" MEANS SPEED.

BY ROYAL APPOINTMENT SUPPLIERS.

TO H. M. KING GEORGE V.

BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY

(LEADING MOTOR HOUSE OF ASIA.)

HEAD OFFICE:—YORK BUILDINGS, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR DEPOT AT THE DELHI DURBAR

Will be opened on the 10th Instant.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:—ALIPORE ROAD, CIVIL LINES, DELHI.

Where an Enormous Stock of PETROL, OIL, GREASE, TYRES; TUBES, and a Host of other Accessories necessary for a Motorist as also Motor Cars on Hire by the day, week or month will be obtainable at Right Prices.

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY,

DELHI DURBAR DEPOT, ALIPORE ROAD, CIVIL LINES

To have created a vast industry which has saved the world enough labour to build an Empire—
To have fixed and established the basic principles on which all typewriters are constructed—
To have created a standard of merit by which all writing machines are judged—
To have maintained this standard for more than a generation at a level never approached by others—
To have made every recent contribution to typewriter progress—

These are some of the achievements of the

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER

Visible Models

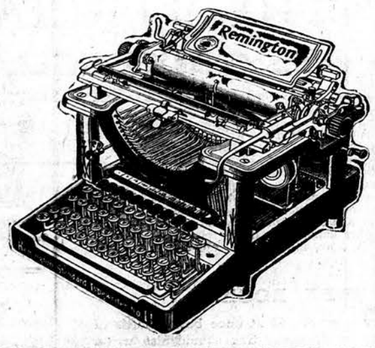
Nos. 10 and 11

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.

75, HORNBY ROAD

(Corner of Wallace Street)

and all Presidency Towns.



Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

THE FAMOUS "FIAT"

FIAT MOTOR CARS are owned by MOTORISTS of DISTINCTION throughout INDIA.

When owners of small FIATS Do sell their cars it is to buy larger FIATS

LATEST MODELS.

Obtainable at English prices plus cost of importation from the SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO.. LTD.

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,

BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE,

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY

SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

I possess numerous certificates from officials, European Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those wish to be convinced are requested to come and inspect

SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases; They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much Irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, hips, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism Gout, and Paralysis, sciatic of chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill. The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORREA, STERLITY, and monthly disorders and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Rapid an Mellbes—and complaints thereto, both acute and carcnic, are thoroughly cured harmless Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heating sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweet taste the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows —

For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantatis Pills and Oil fo 30 days, Rs. 15-8.

For Piles, Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs 6-4

For Windy & Fatty body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 6-4

For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, for 15 days, Rs. 7-8

For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

For Bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 5-8.

For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 5-8

For Rheumatism, Goutsand Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and BLOOD-DISORDERS are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and ointment for 15 days, Rs. 10-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Medicine for 30 days, Rs. 10-8

ASTHMA, COUGH, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough Cold, Throat Irritation Consumption, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by 1 month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

EPILEPSY HEMICRANIA, habitual Head-ache, Dropsy after-effects of mercury and other mineral poisons mouth diseases, are all very successfully treated Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

OPHTHALMIA.—Obstinate eye and ear diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, flashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither hurt nor produce any inconvenience to patients, Pills or mixture for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORRHEA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGE, the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured, GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills or oil (as the cases may be) for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLES, Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, Prolapsus, Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence Pills for 15 days, Rs. 8-8.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA DYENTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 years Rs. 6-8

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested clearly their to state age disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

In addition to the abovementioned medicines there are several other superior medicines of different prices for complaints mentioned above and also for several other complaints, the prices and other information for which may be had on application by Post or by personal interview disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, at Bazarca, Motiwalla's Chawl, near old Tram Terminus, Tarnac Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

CERTIFICATE.

Dear Sir—I have much pleasure to say, that your Medicine cured me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 12 years and my wife from the undue increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully—(Sd H. W. WILLIAMS

Bombay, 14th February 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

To Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo.

Dear Doctor,—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail. I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you. I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I sincerely trust your medicine will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much advise you to advertise more freely in all newspapers. I shall always recommend you to my friends.

Yours faithfully,

J. W. BRABANT Government Telegraphs

8th September, 1905.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP

of Hypophosphite of Lime

FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS,

FOR CATARRH, WEAK LUNGS, CONSUMPTION

Paris, 8, r. Vivienne and at all Chemists

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

POWELL'S TURKISH BATH CABINET

(A BLESSING TO HUMANITY)

A TURKISH BATH at home means a great auxiliary for preserving health and affords an invigorating tonic for the nervous system and the vital organs.

TURKISH BATHS are specially beneficial in cases of skin and blood diseases, as they produce a healthy perspiration which expels all the impurities through the pores of the skin.

FULL LITERATURE ON APPLICATION.

Complete with three light Inside Heater			... Rs.	24 8
Do.	Do.	with Tin Outside Heater	... ,,	35 0
Do.	Do.	,, Copper ,, ,,	... ,,	42 0

N. POWELL & CO.,

SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT MAKERS MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF ELECTRICAL APPARATUS,

HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's

Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in DIARRHŒA and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS.

Is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It immediately relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of genuine Chlorodyne bears the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON S.E.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is Supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with Brown Patent Capsule impressed on the TOP with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES:

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Read on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them. Sold by their anonymous sale. All all Chemists and Stores, or post free 8s. from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors. "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisement Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co, 66 Fenchurch Street, London E. C.